

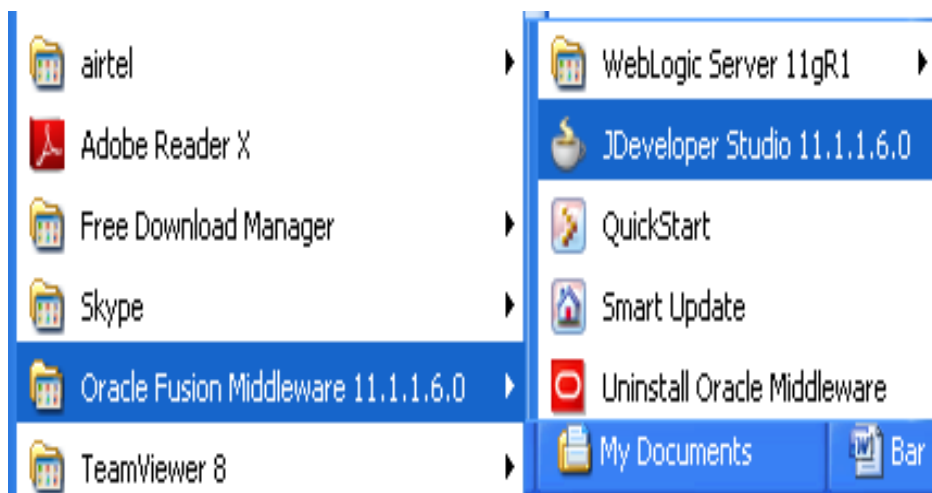
Different color bars chart with Popup Box in ADF

Department wise employee count graph with popup Box in ADF:

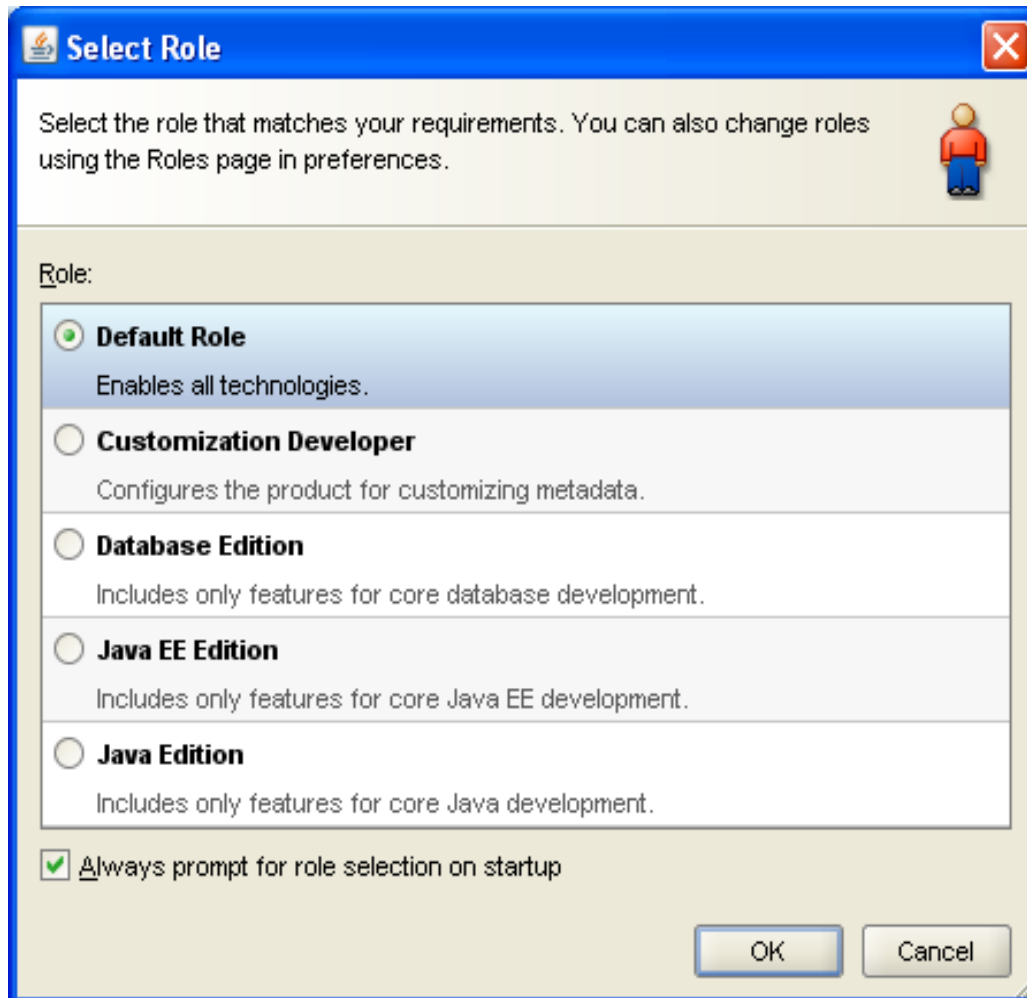
(popup box shows Employees names and manager name for particular department).

I am going to explain how we can create the model value for bar graph which we can pass in the tabular data attribute of bar graph and popupbox.

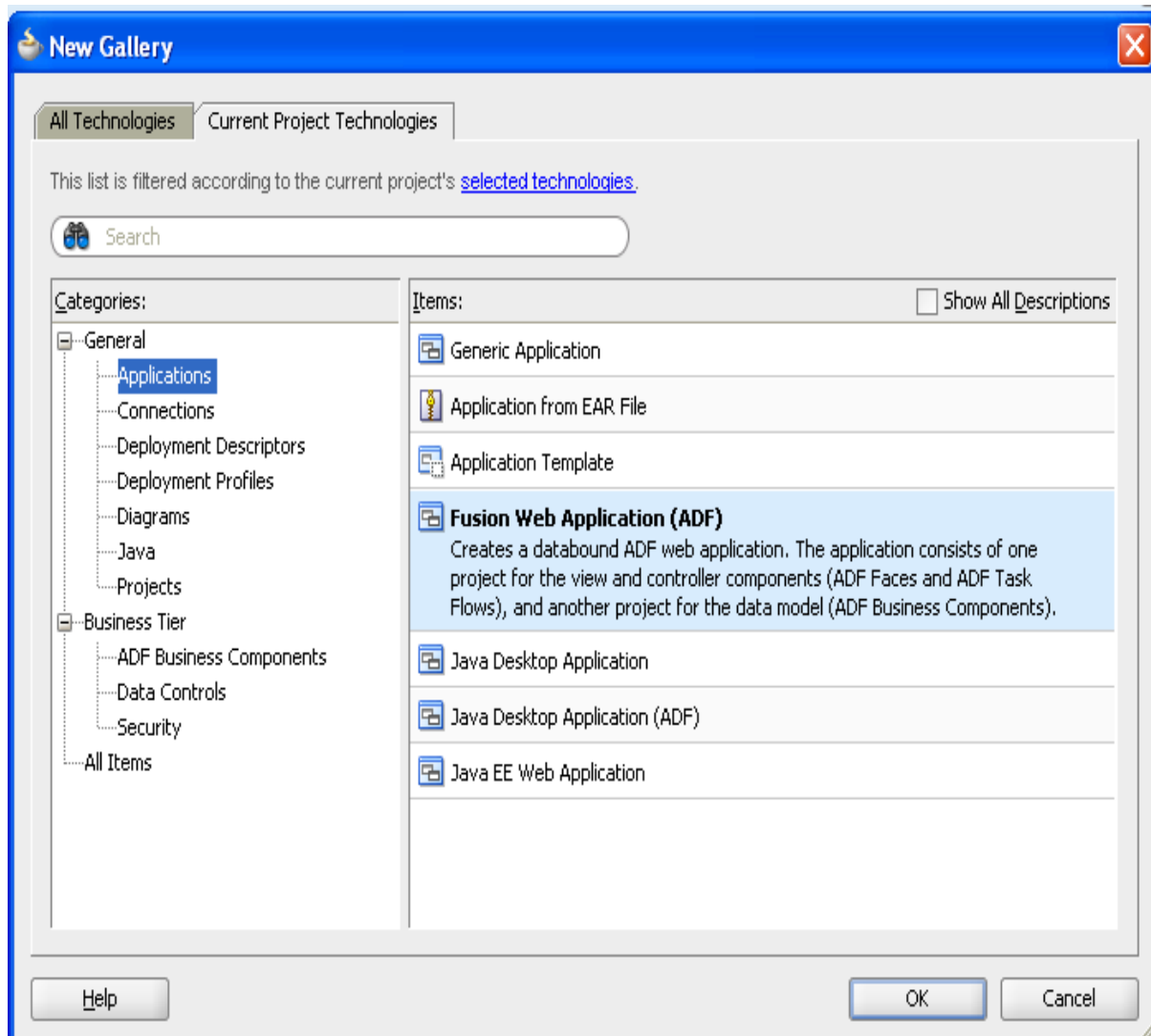
1.Start JDeveloper by selecting **Start > Programs > Oracle Fusion Middleware 11.1.6.0.0 >JDeveloper Studio 11.1.1.6.0.**



2. In the Select Role dialog, choose “**Default Role**” and click “**OK**”.



3. **File > New** then selecting the Applications menu item in the left side of the new dialog, select the **Fusion Web Application (ADF)** type and click “OK”.



4. Create the application name as GrapWithColors click “Next”.

Create Fusion Web Application (ADF) - Step 1 of 5

Name your application

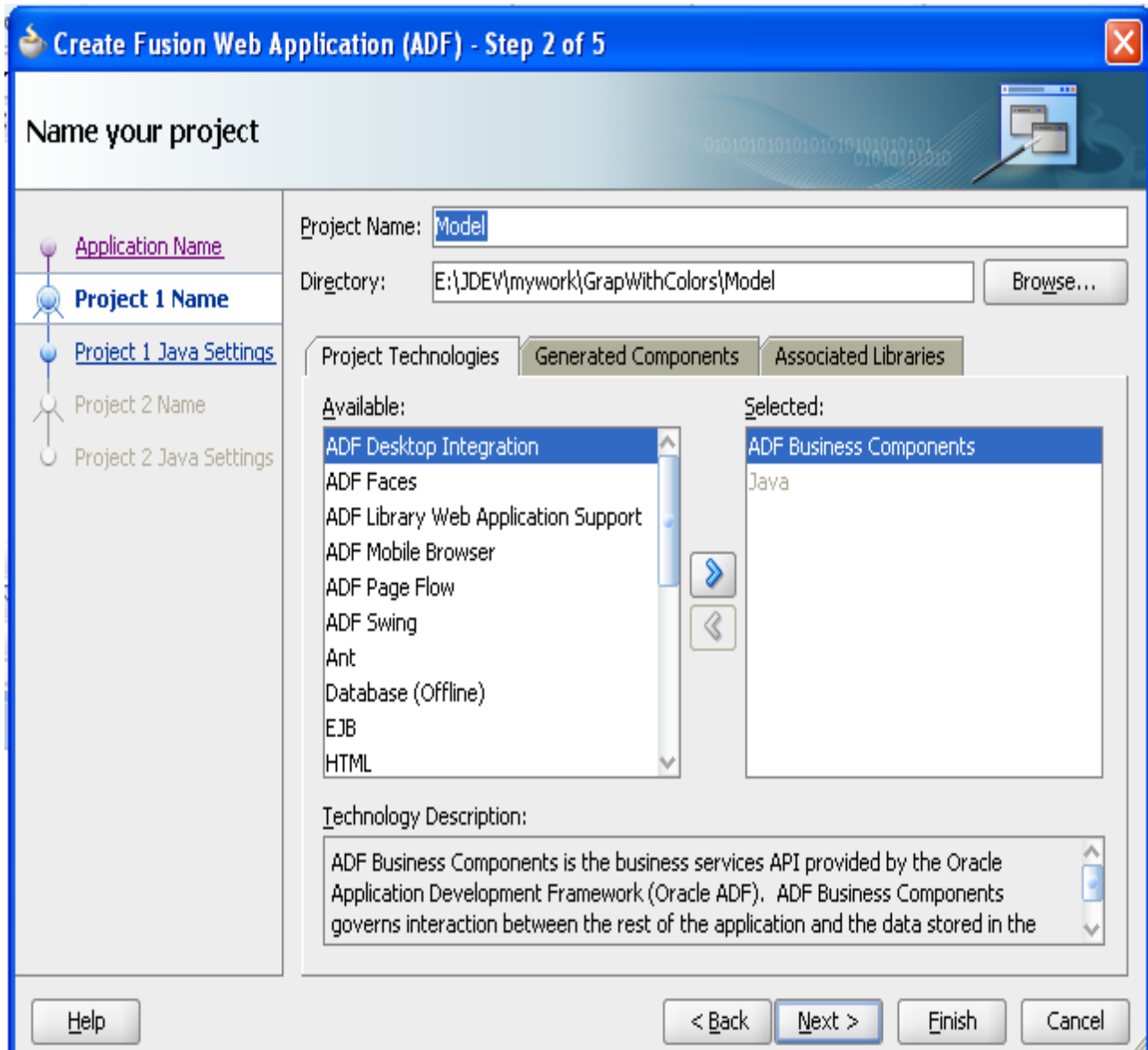
Application Name

Application Name: GrapWithColors

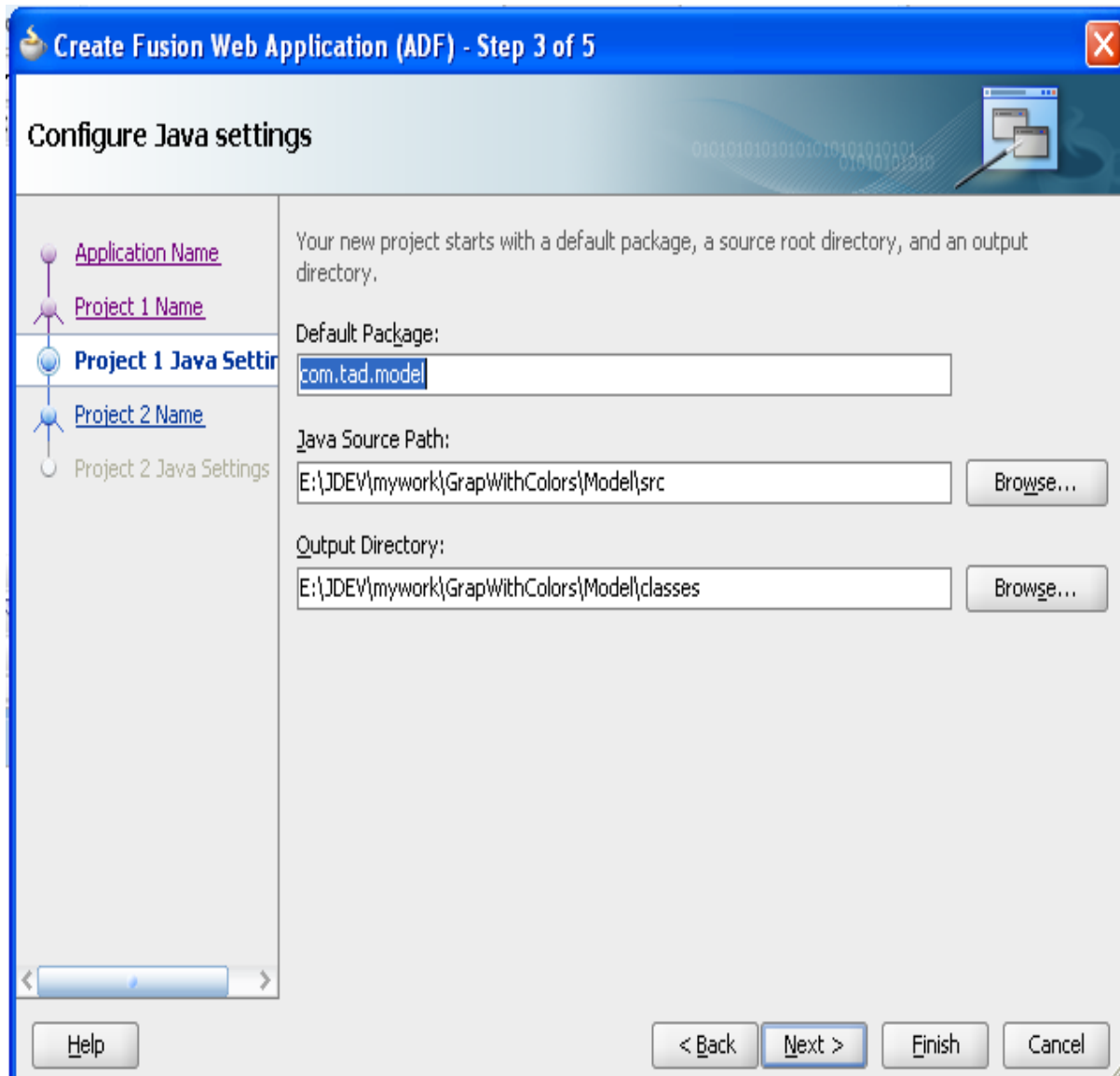
Directory: E:\JDEV\mywork\GrapWithColors

Application Package Prefix: com.tad

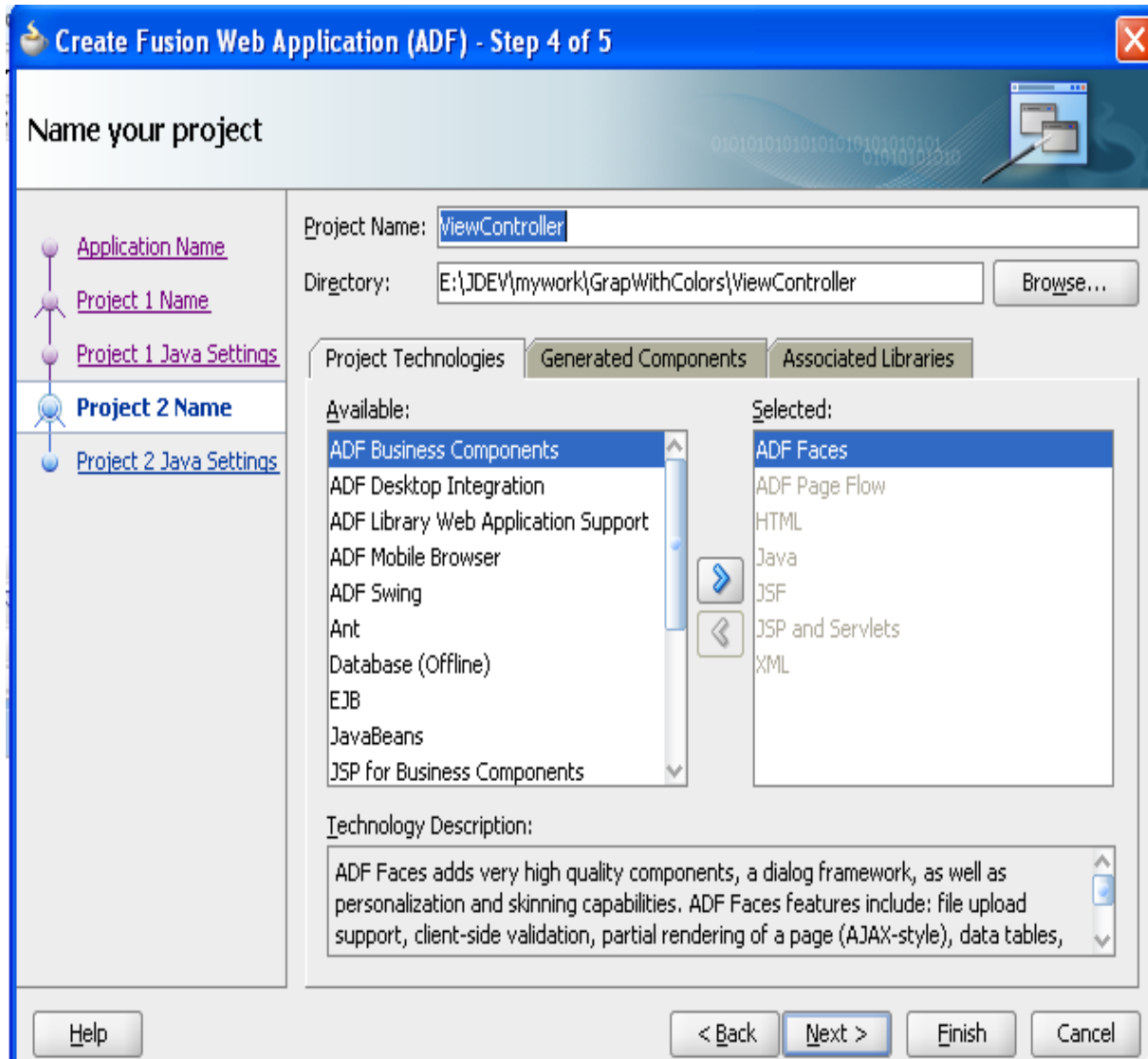
5. It will create model project click "Next".



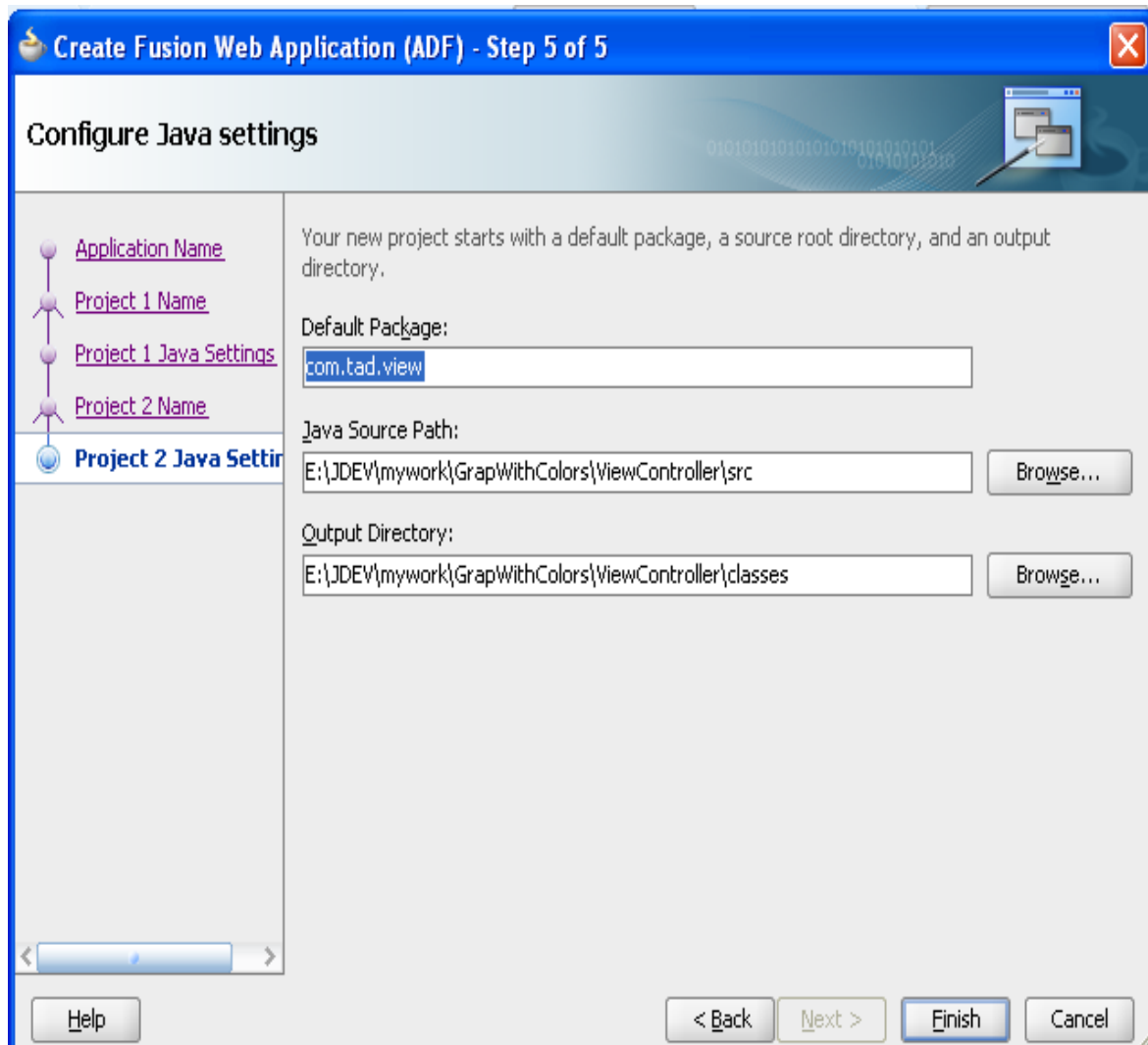
6. It will create javaSettings click "Next".



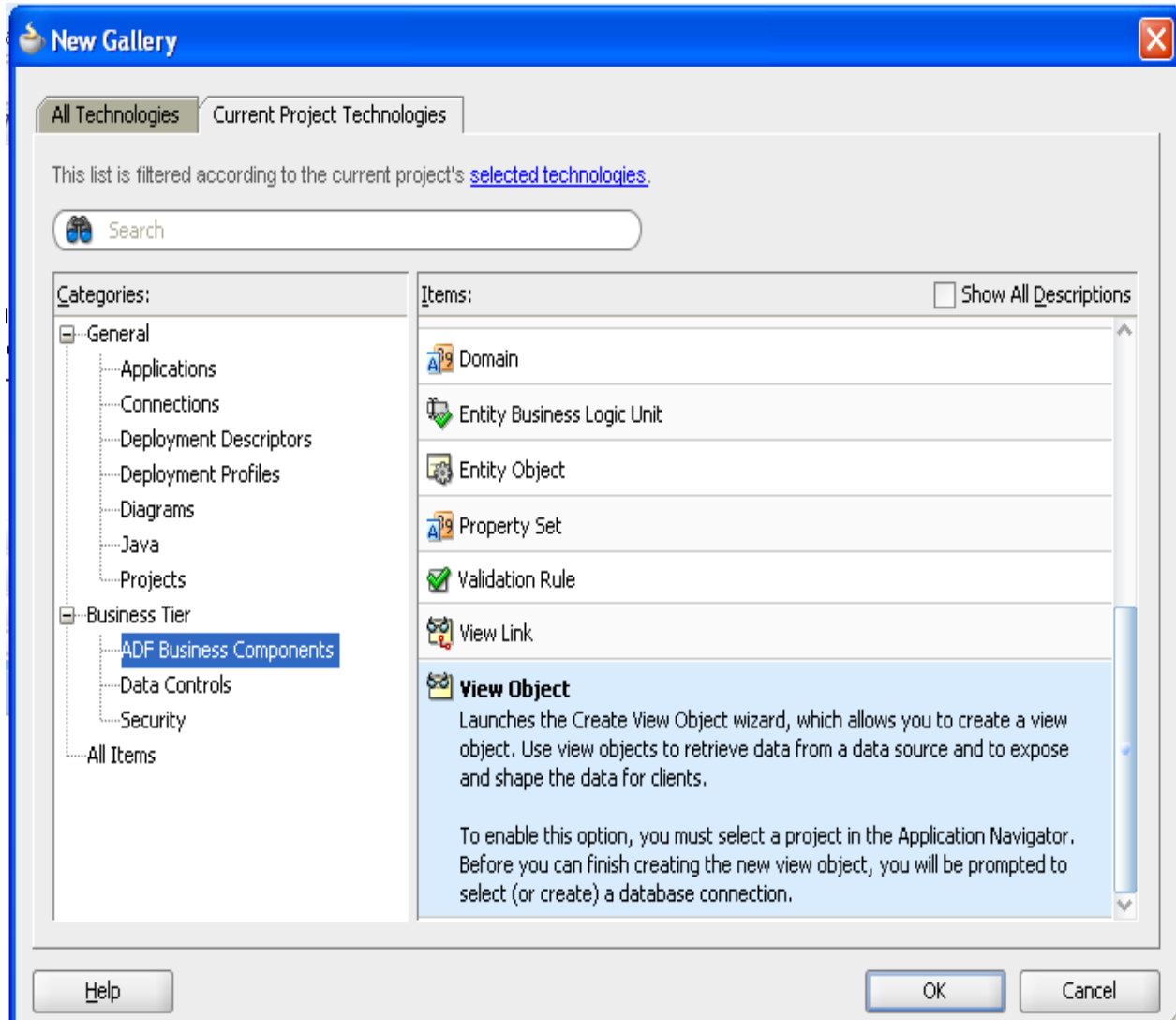
7.click "Next".



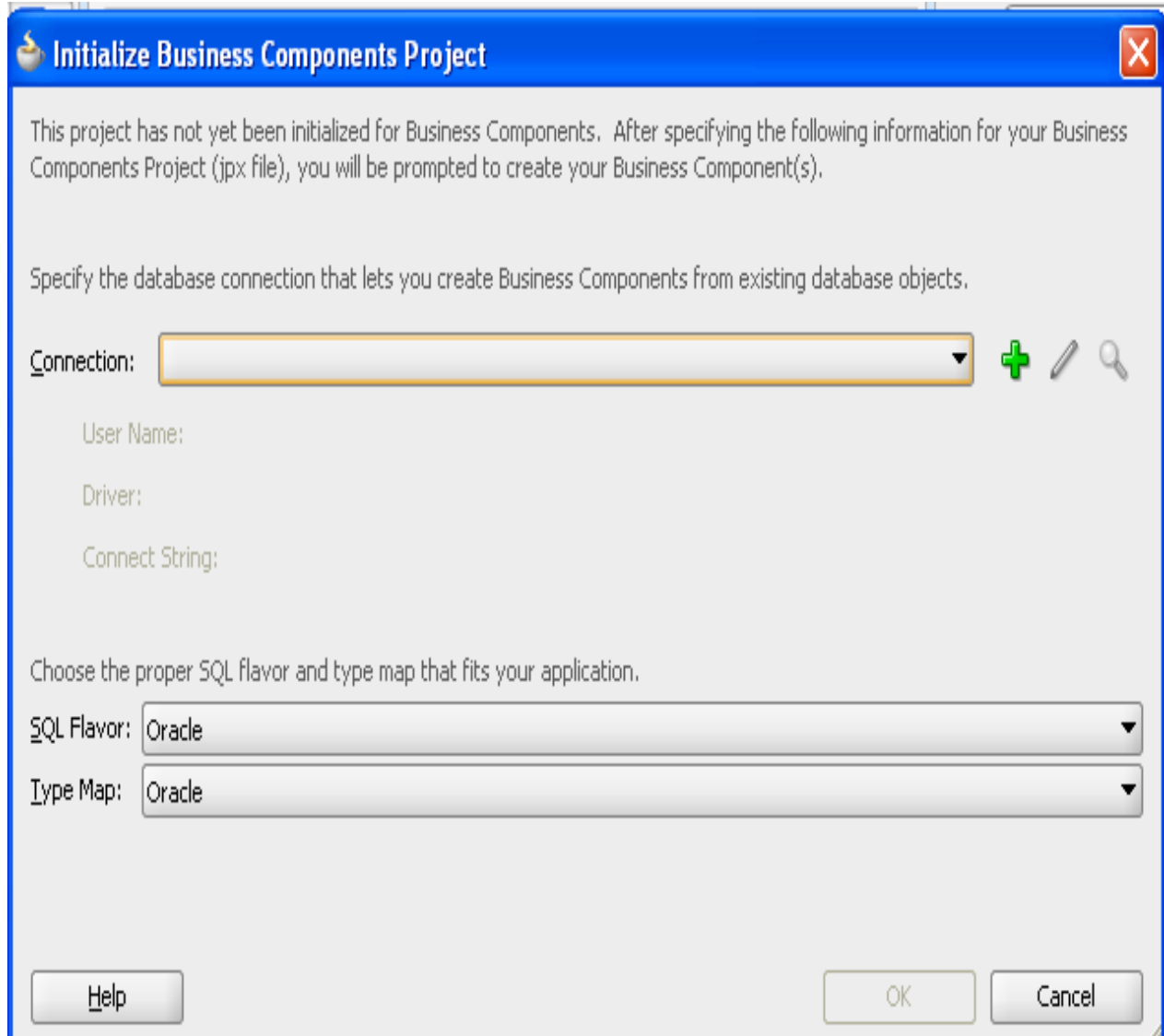
8. Click "Finish".



9. **Right-click** on the new **Model** project and select **new**. We're going to create some business components – these are the components that interact with your database. Select **ADF Business Components** from the left side and **View Object** on the right. Then click **“OK”**.



10. In the first panel of the wizard, we're going to need to define a connection to our database. Click the **green plus symbol "+"** next to the connection drop down.



11. Fill in the appropriate values as shown and click "OK". Select "Test Connection" to ensure the proper credentials are entered.

Create Database Connection

Configure a new database connection and add it to the current application (GrapWithColors).

Create Connection In: Application Resources IDE Connections

Connection Name:

Connection Type:

Username: Role:

Password: Save Password

- Oracle (JDBC) Settings -

Enter Custom JDBC URL

Driver:

Host Name: JDBC Port:

SID:

Service Name:

Success!

12. Click “OK” again to close the connection dialog and you will be taken into the ADF BC wizard.

13. Mention the View Object Name as GrapPopupVO then click “Next”.

Create View Object - Step 1 of 9

Name

View objects are for joining, filtering, projecting, and sorting your business data for the specific needs of a given application task.

Name

- Entity Objects
- Attributes
- Attribute Settings
- Query
- Bind Variables
- Java
- Application Module
- Summary

Package:

Name:

Display Name:

Extends:

Property Set:

Select the data source type you want to use as the basis for this view object.

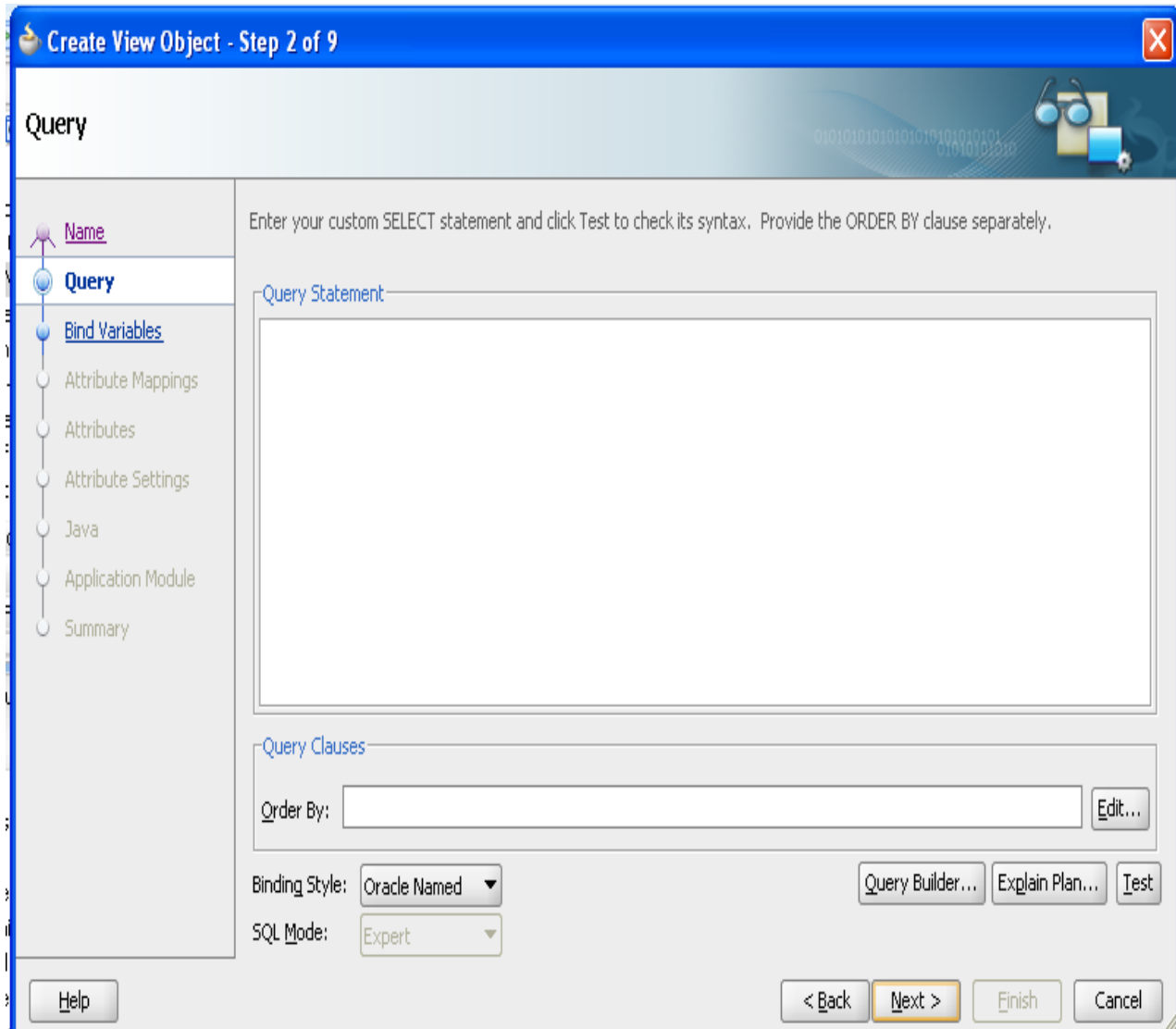
Updatable access through entity objects

Read-only access through SQL query

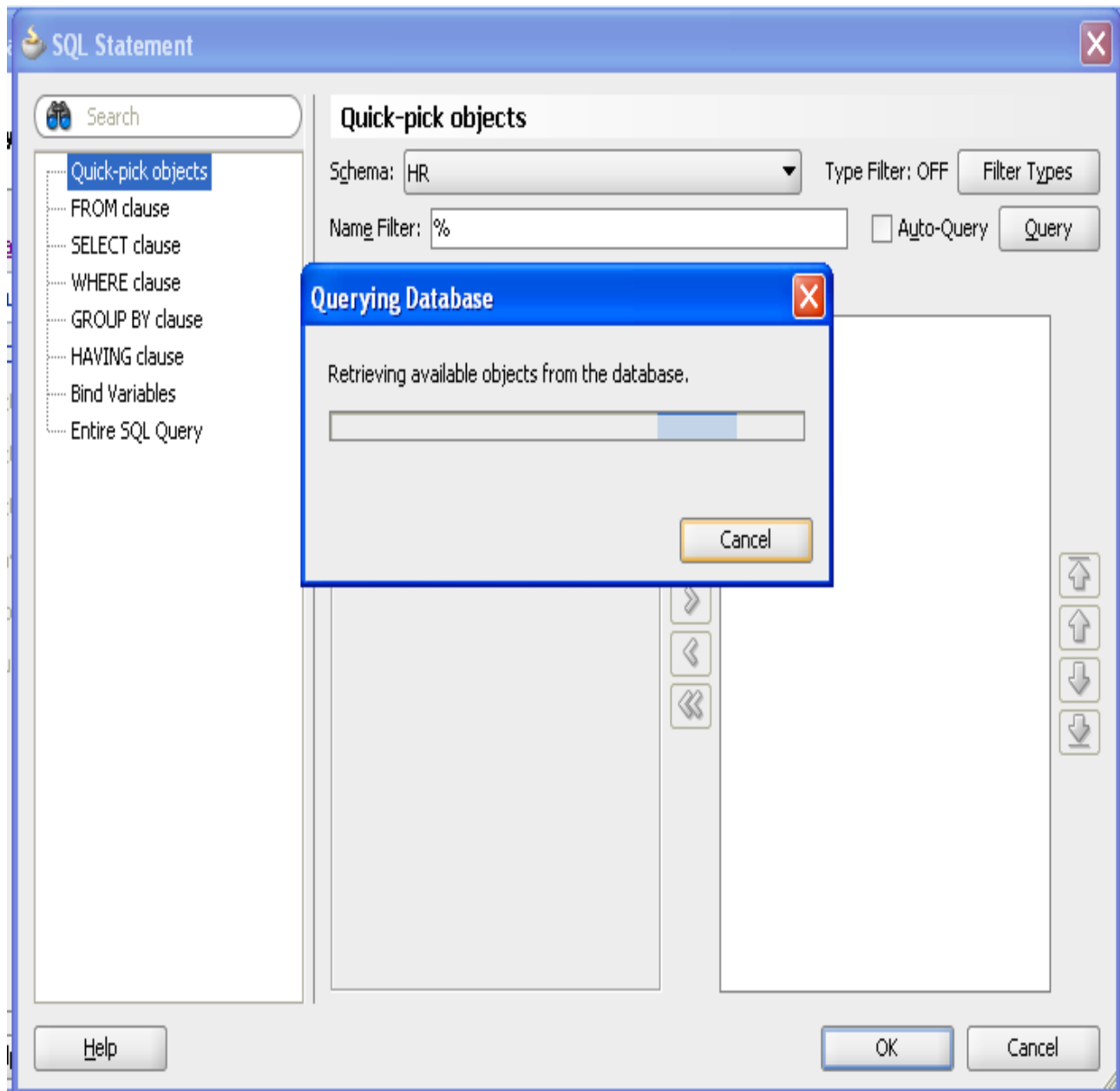
Rows populated programmatically, not based on a query

Rows populated at design time (Static List)

14. Click Button "Query Builder.."

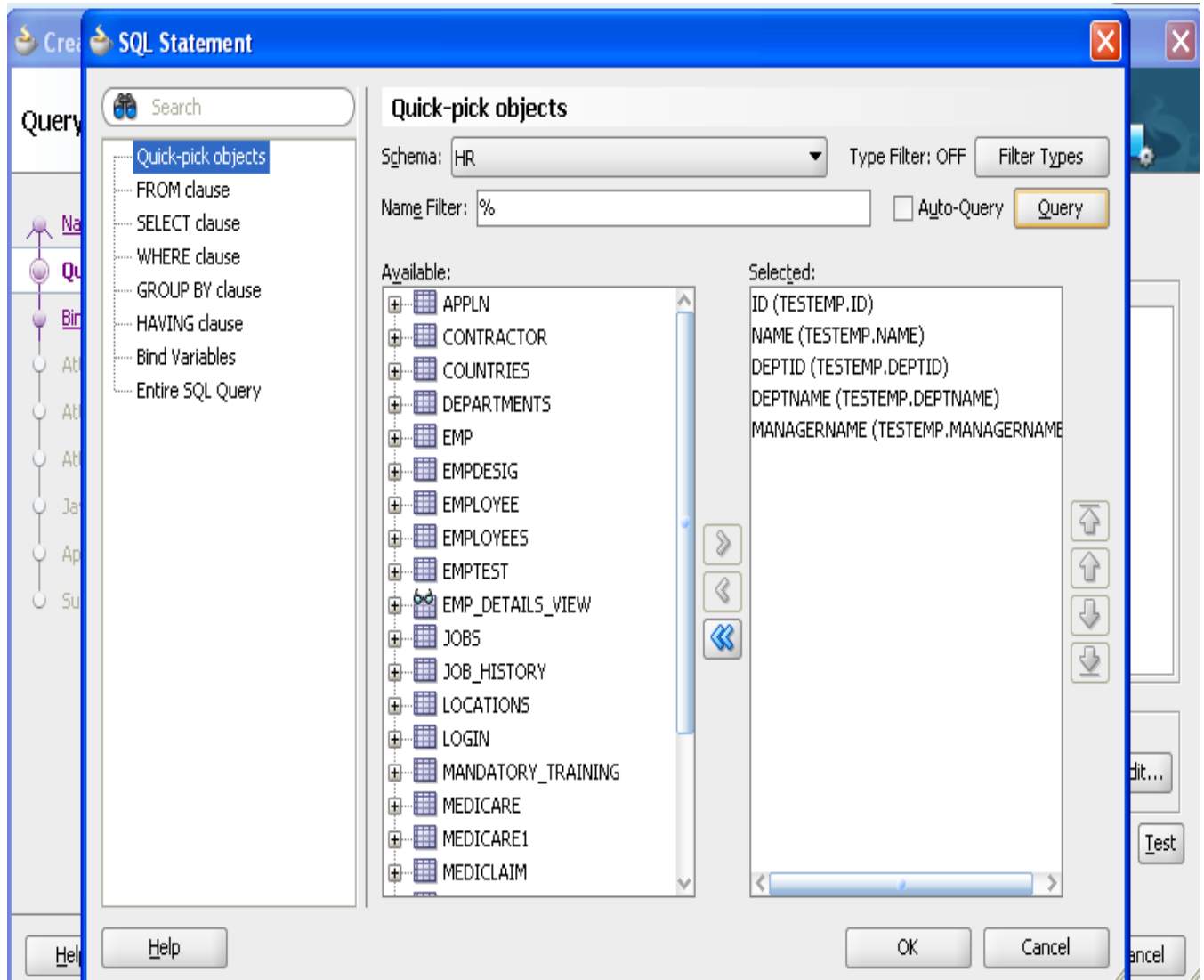


15. Click "Query" Button.

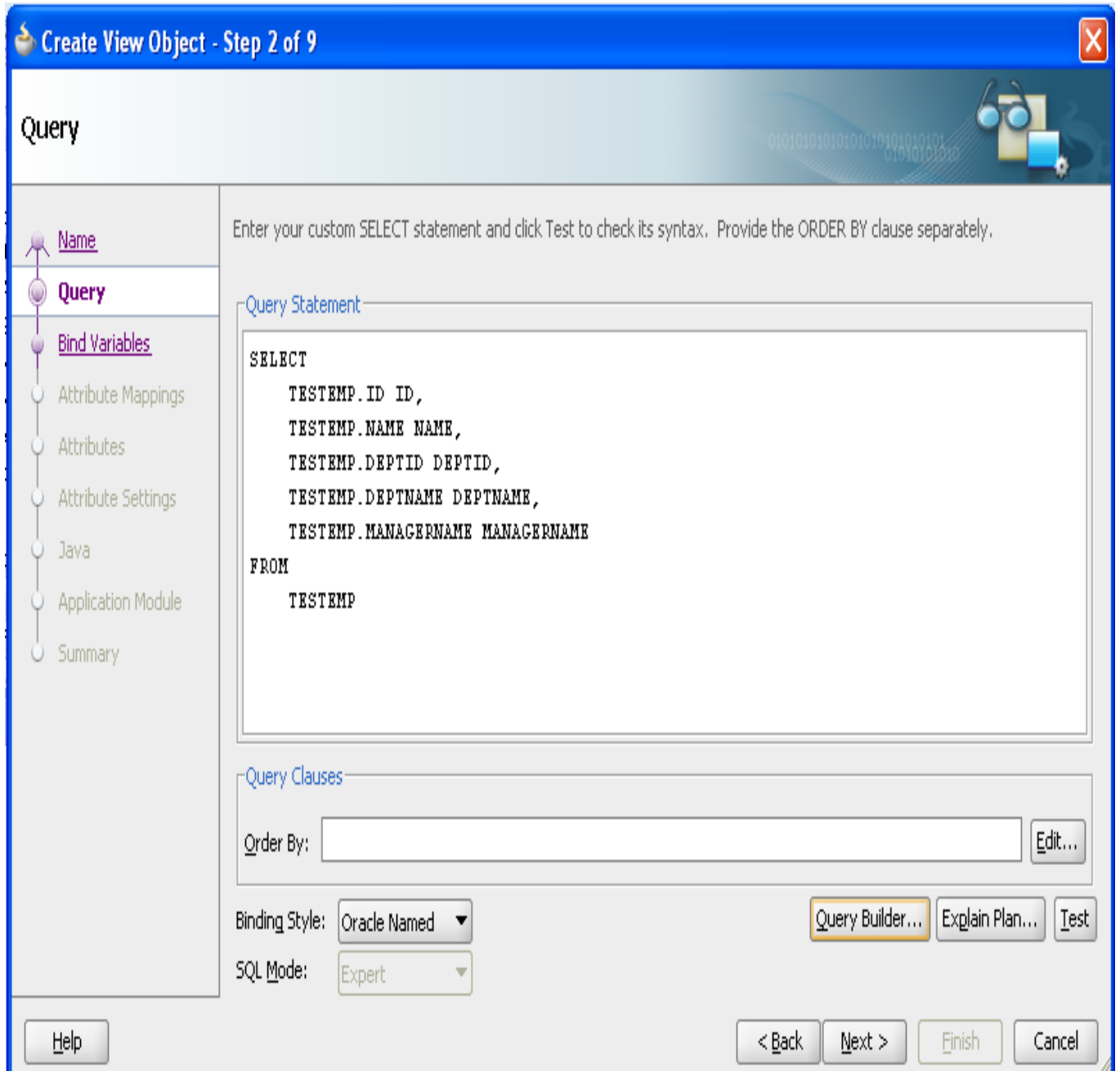


16. Select your table which is available in oracle DB, click "Ok".

Note: In this example I am maintaining employee, department, manager information in same table

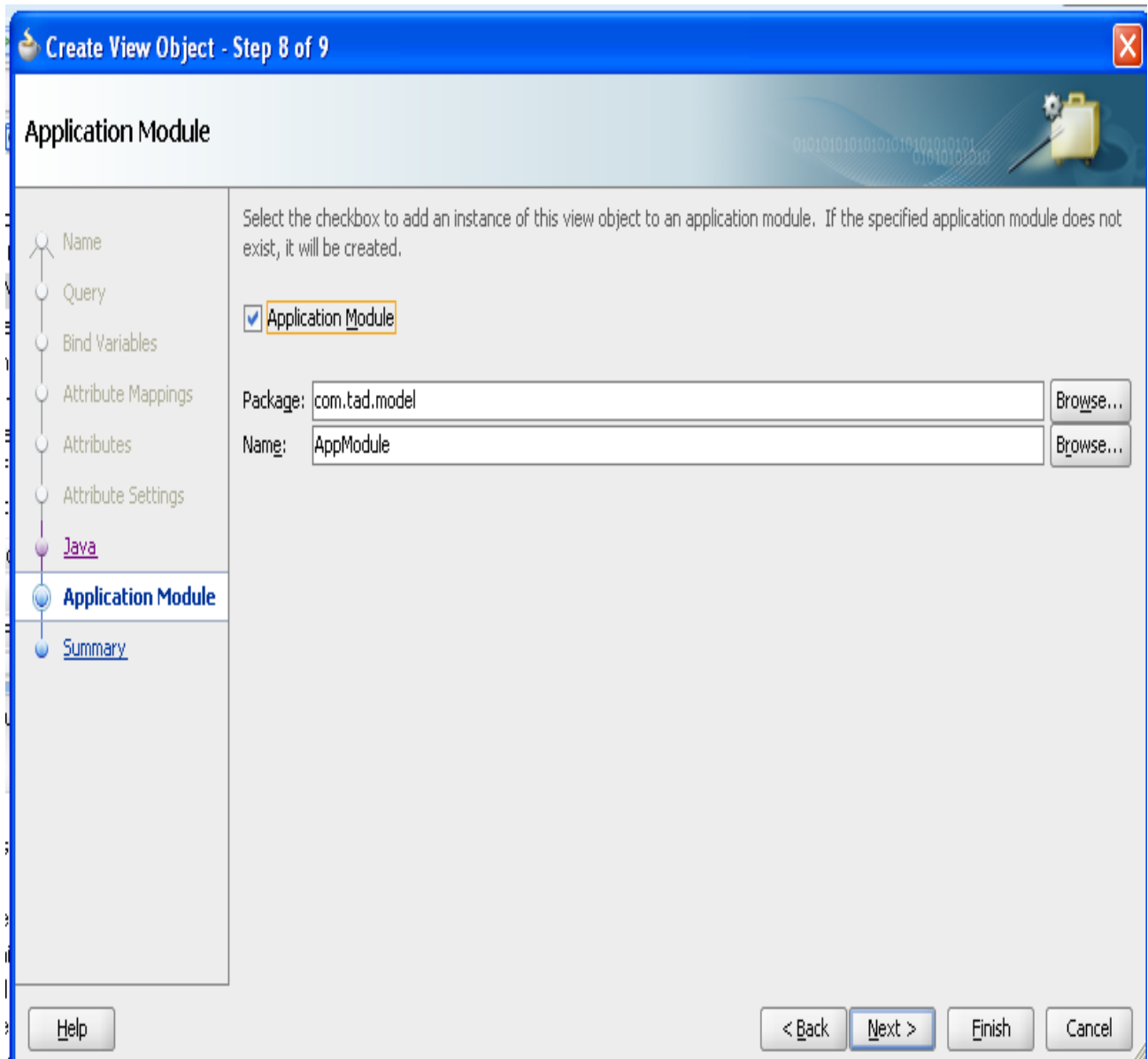


17. Click "Next".

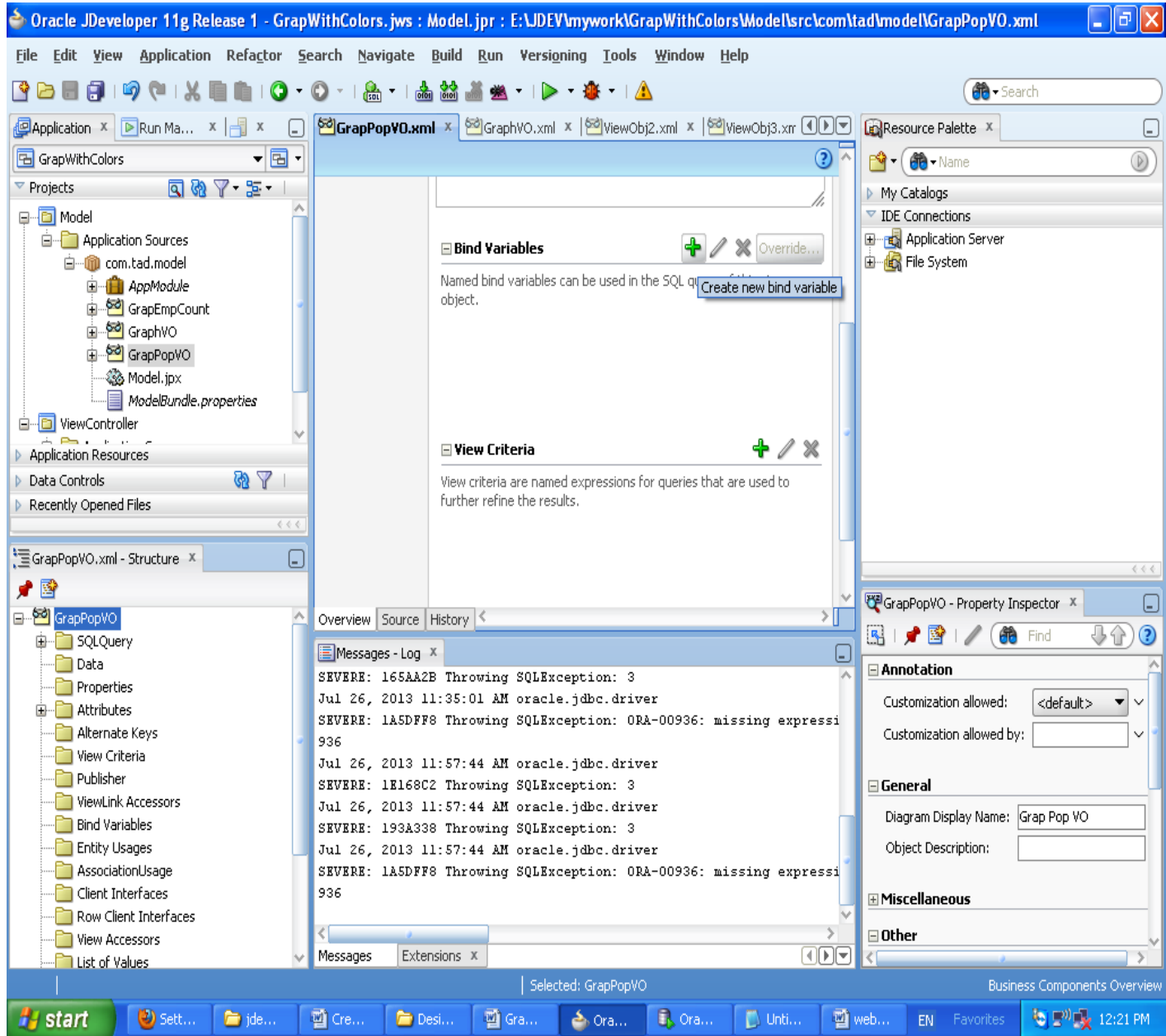


18. Just click "Next" button for step3 to step7.

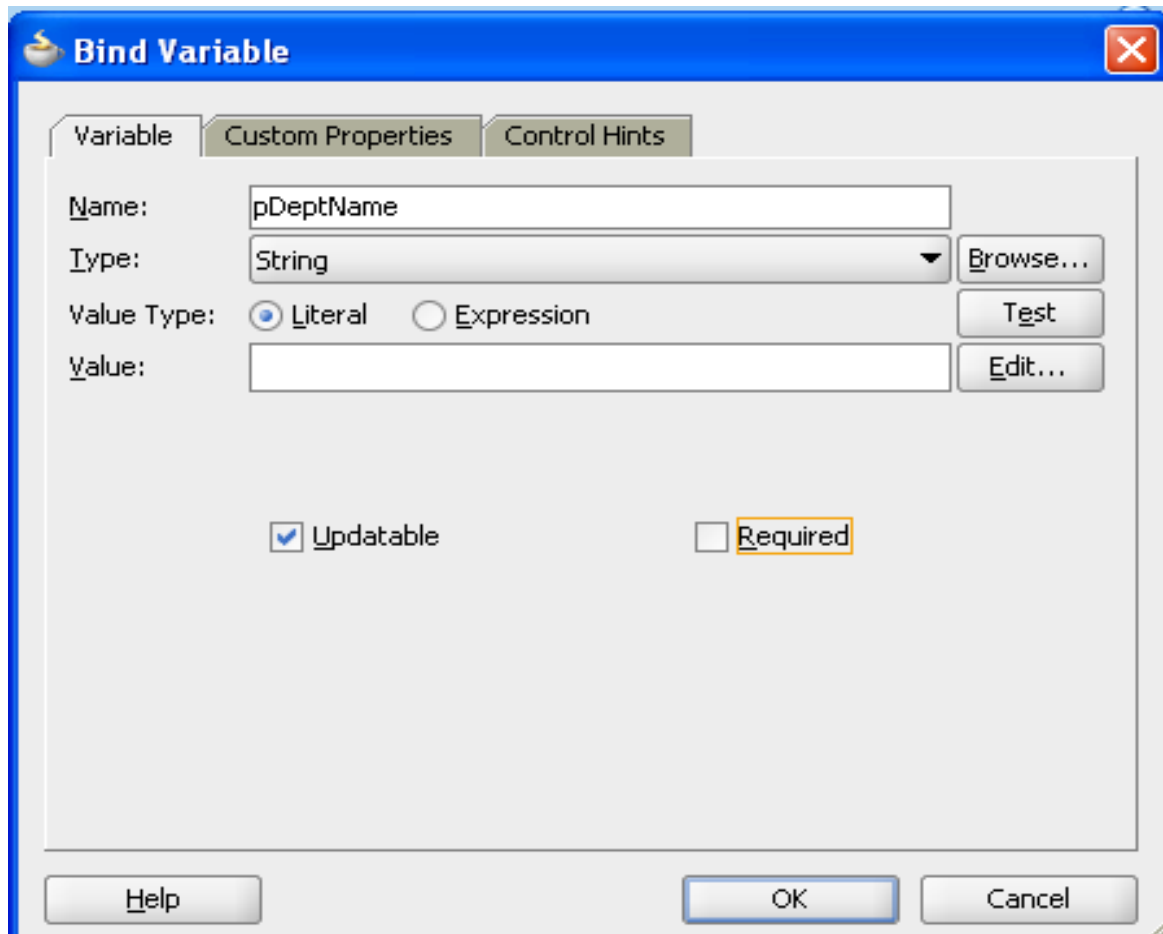
19. In Step 8 Enable "Application Module" check box then click "Next".



20. GrapPopVO.xml file create bind variable(Click plus simble)



21. Give the bind variable name as pDeptName



The image shows a 'Bind Variable' dialog box with a blue title bar and a close button in the top right corner. The dialog has three tabs: 'Variable', 'Custom Properties', and 'Control Hints'. The 'Variable' tab is active. It contains the following fields and controls:

- Name:** A text input field containing 'pDeptName'.
- Type:** A dropdown menu set to 'String', with a 'Browse...' button to its right.
- Value Type:** Two radio buttons: 'Literal' (selected) and 'Expression'.
- Value:** An empty text input field, with an 'Edit...' button to its right.
- Options:** Two checkboxes: 'Updatable' (checked) and 'Required' (unchecked).

At the bottom of the dialog are three buttons: 'Help', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

22.GrapPopVO.xml file create ViewCriteria(Click plus simble)

The screenshot displays the Oracle JDeveloper 11g IDE interface. The main window shows the configuration for the `GrappopVO.xml` file. The `Bind Variables` section is active, showing a table with one variable:

Name	Type	Value	Info
pDeptName	String		

Below this, the `View Criteria` section is visible, with a tooltip that says "Create new view criteria". The `Messages-Log` window at the bottom shows several error messages:

```
SEVERE: 165AA2B Throwing SQLException: 3
Jul 26, 2013 11:35:01 AM oracle.jdbc.driver
SEVERE: 1A5DFF8 Throwing SQLException: ORA-00936: missing expression
Jul 26, 2013 11:57:44 AM oracle.jdbc.driver
SEVERE: 1E168C2 Throwing SQLException: 3
Jul 26, 2013 11:57:44 AM oracle.jdbc.driver
SEVERE: 193A338 Throwing SQLException: 3
Jul 26, 2013 11:57:44 AM oracle.jdbc.driver
SEVERE: 1A5DFF8 Throwing SQLException: ORA-00936: missing expression
```

The `Structure` view on the left shows the project hierarchy, with `pDeptName` selected under `Bind Variables`. The `Property Inspector` on the right shows the configuration for the selected `pDeptName` variable:

- Type**
 - Name *: pDeptName
 - Type *: java.lang.String
 - Updatable: <default> (true)
 - Value Serializer Class:
- Value**
 - Literal Default Value:
- Control Hints**
- Other**

The status bar at the bottom indicates "Selected: pDeptName".

23. Give the criteria name as getEmployees

Create View Criteria

Criteria Name: Query Execution Mode:

Criteria Definition | UI Hints

View Criteria:

- GrapPopVOCriteria
 - Criteria
 - () Group
 - Deptname = :pDeptName

View Object Where Clause:
(((UPPER(DEPTNAME) = UPPER(:pDeptName))))

Add Item Add Group Add Criteria Add Named Criteria... Delete Explain Plan... Test

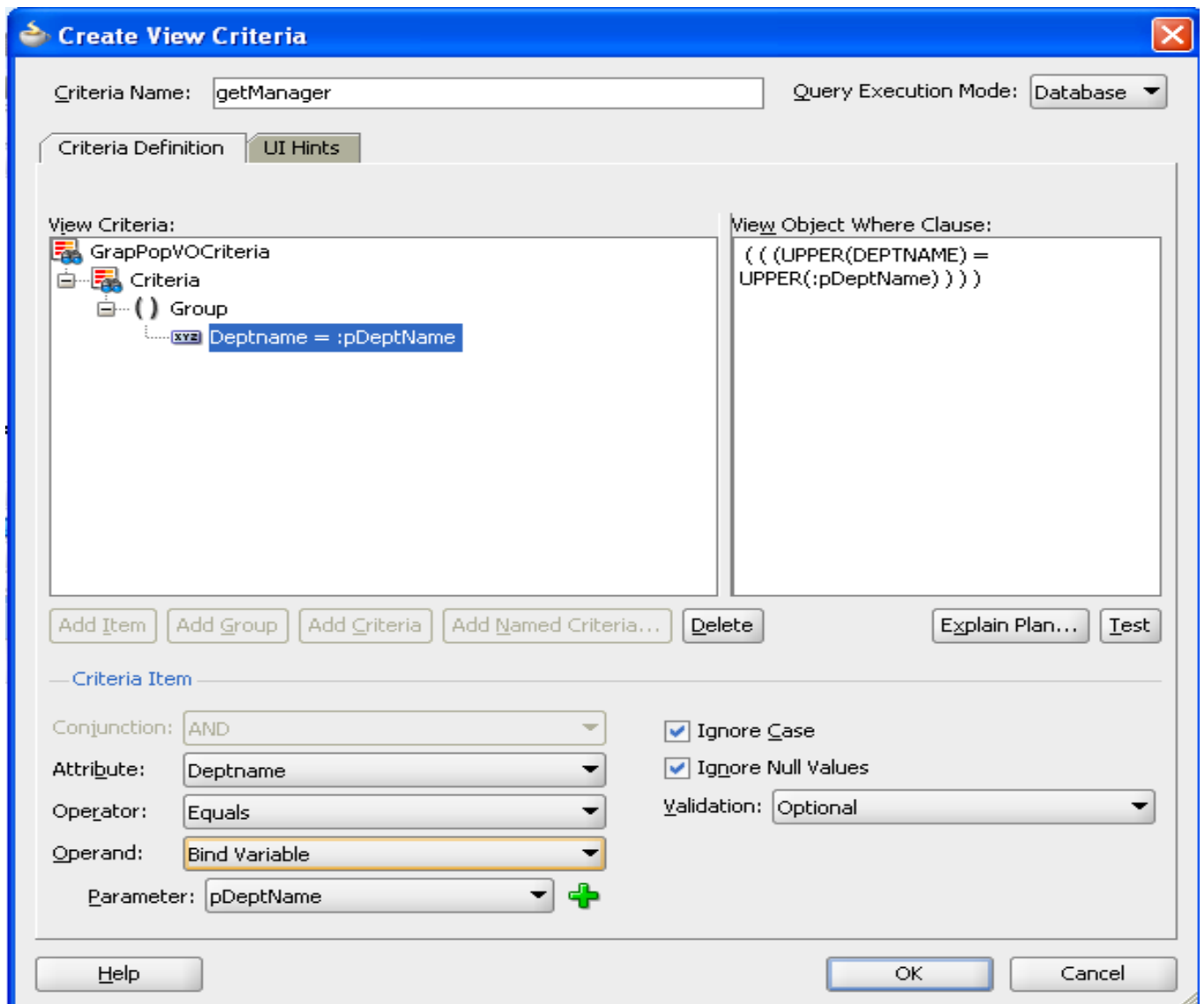
Criteria Item

Conjunction: Ignore Case
Attribute: Ignore Null Values
Operator: Validation:
Operand:
Parameter: +

Help OK Cancel

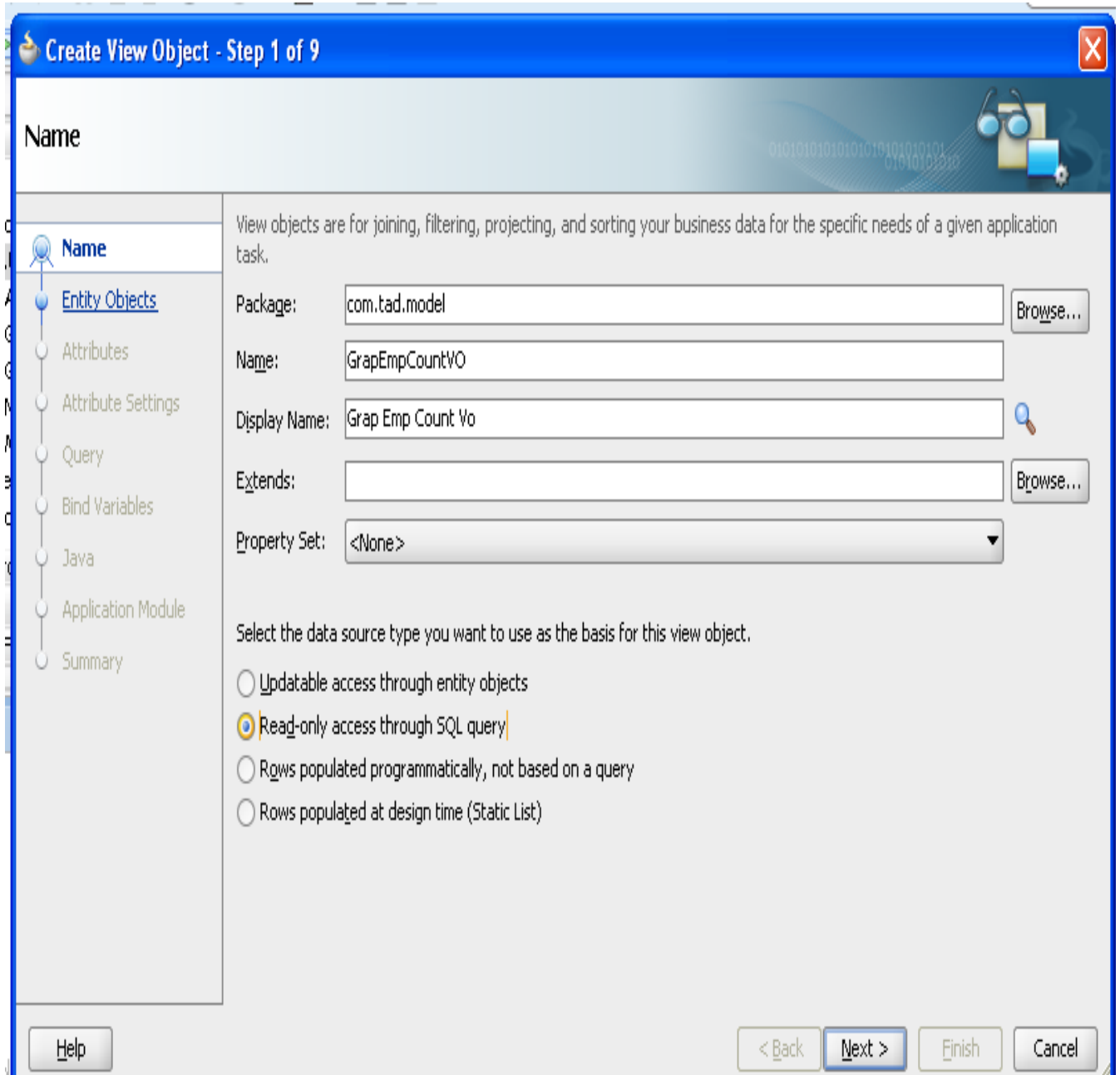
24. Again we need to create another criteria in GrapPopVO.xml file,

Give the criteria name as getManager



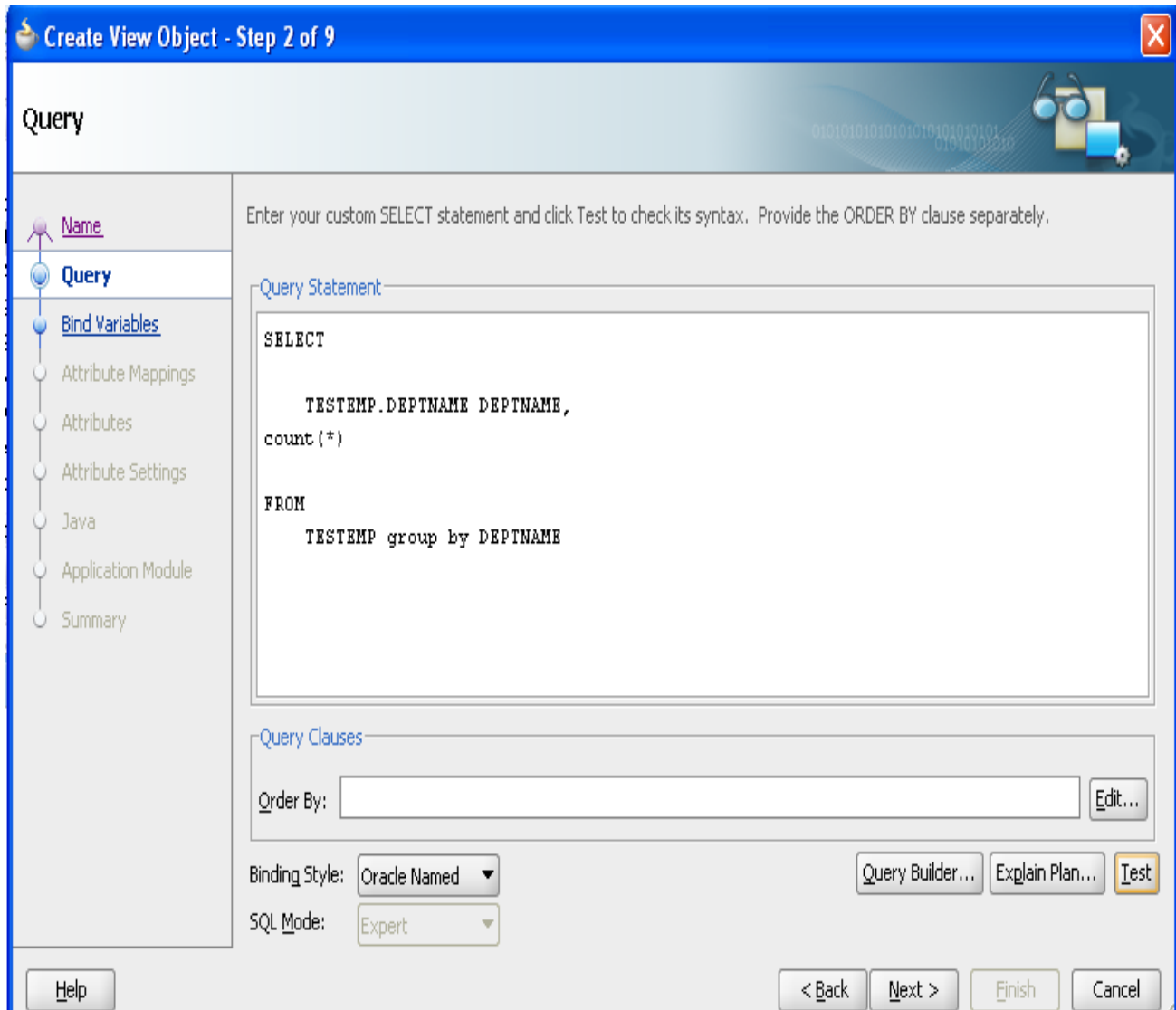
25. Click "OK"

26. Create another view object name as GrapEmpCountVO

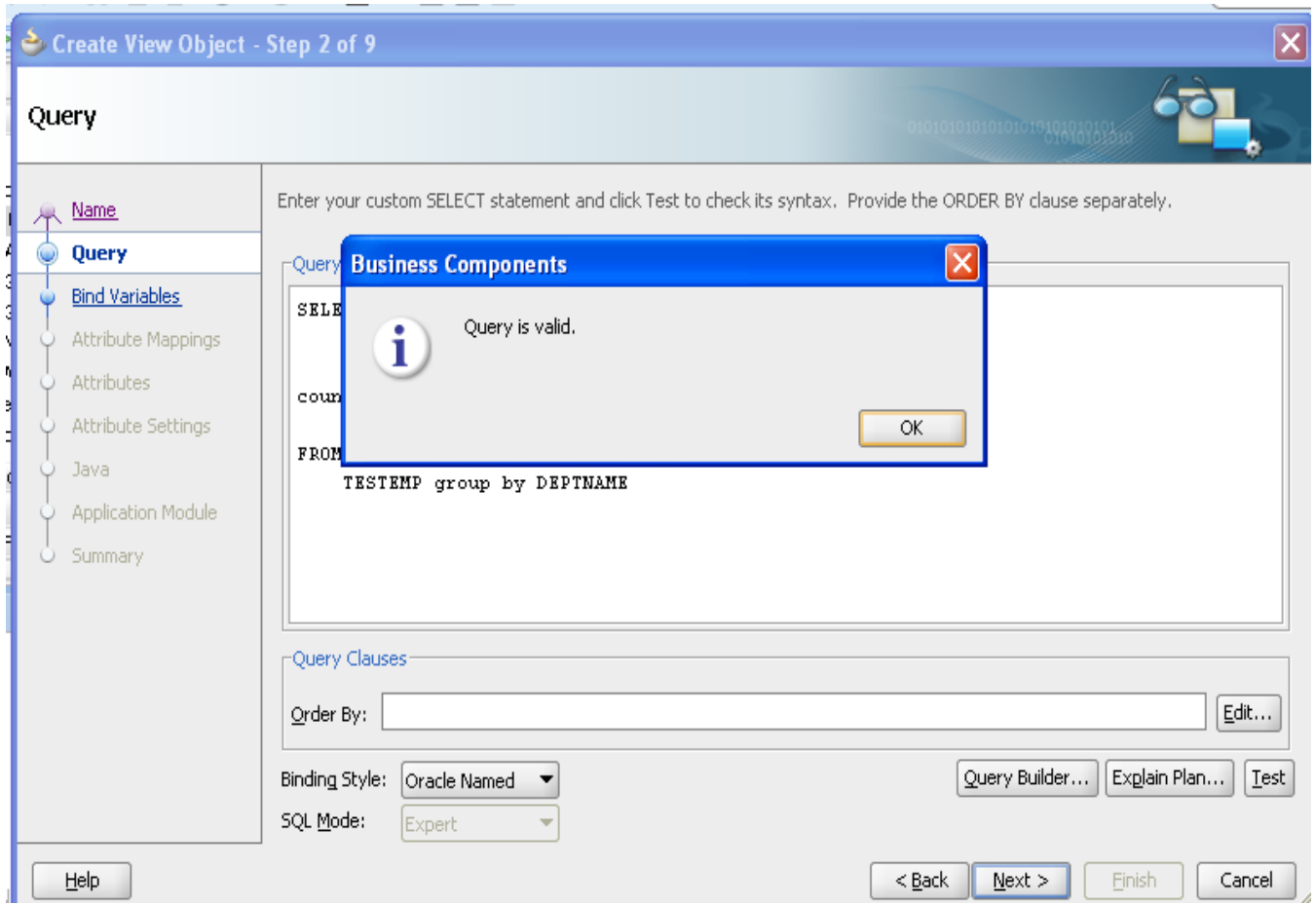


27. In query section modify the query as given below.

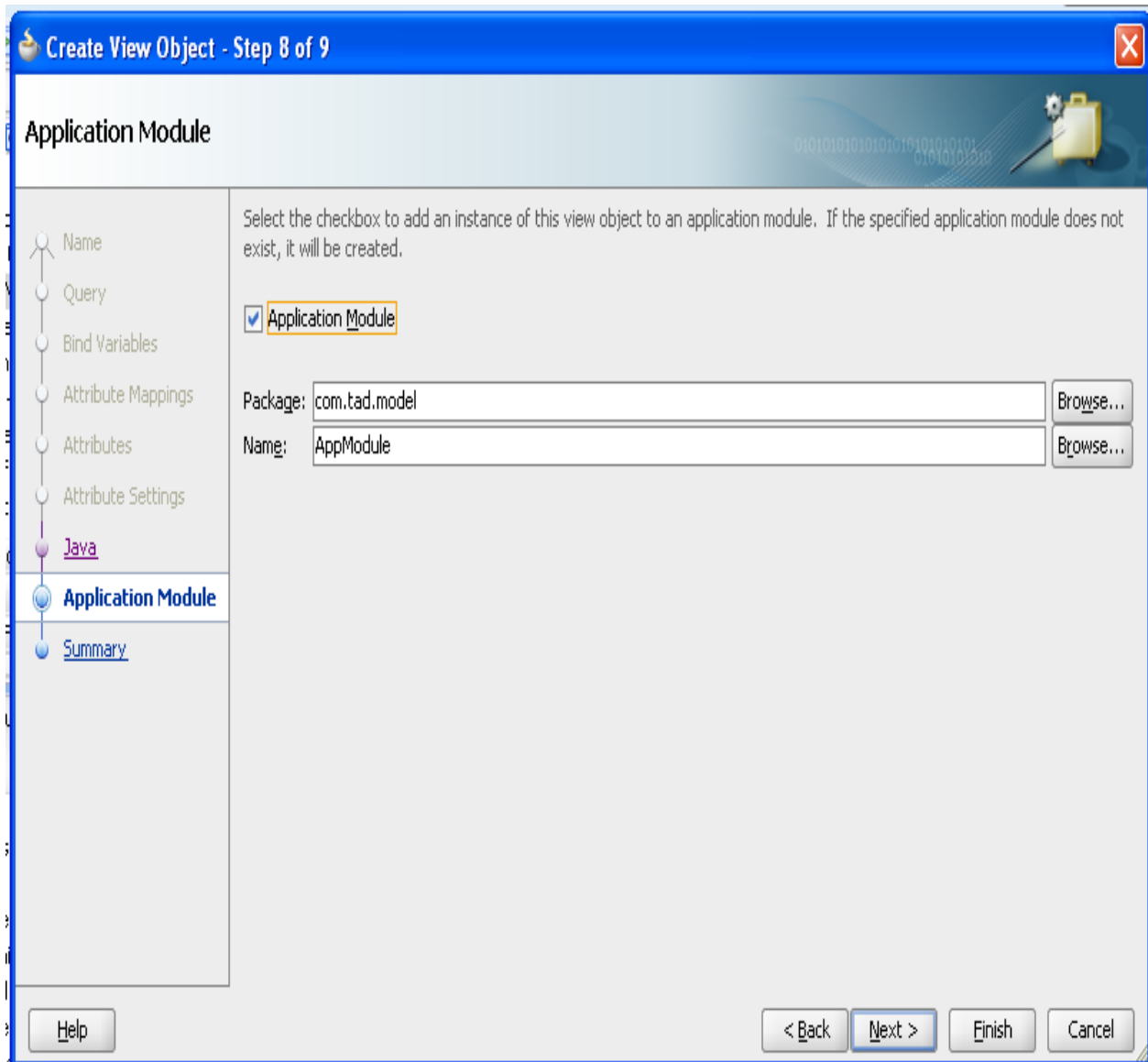
(We need to count the employees in department wise)



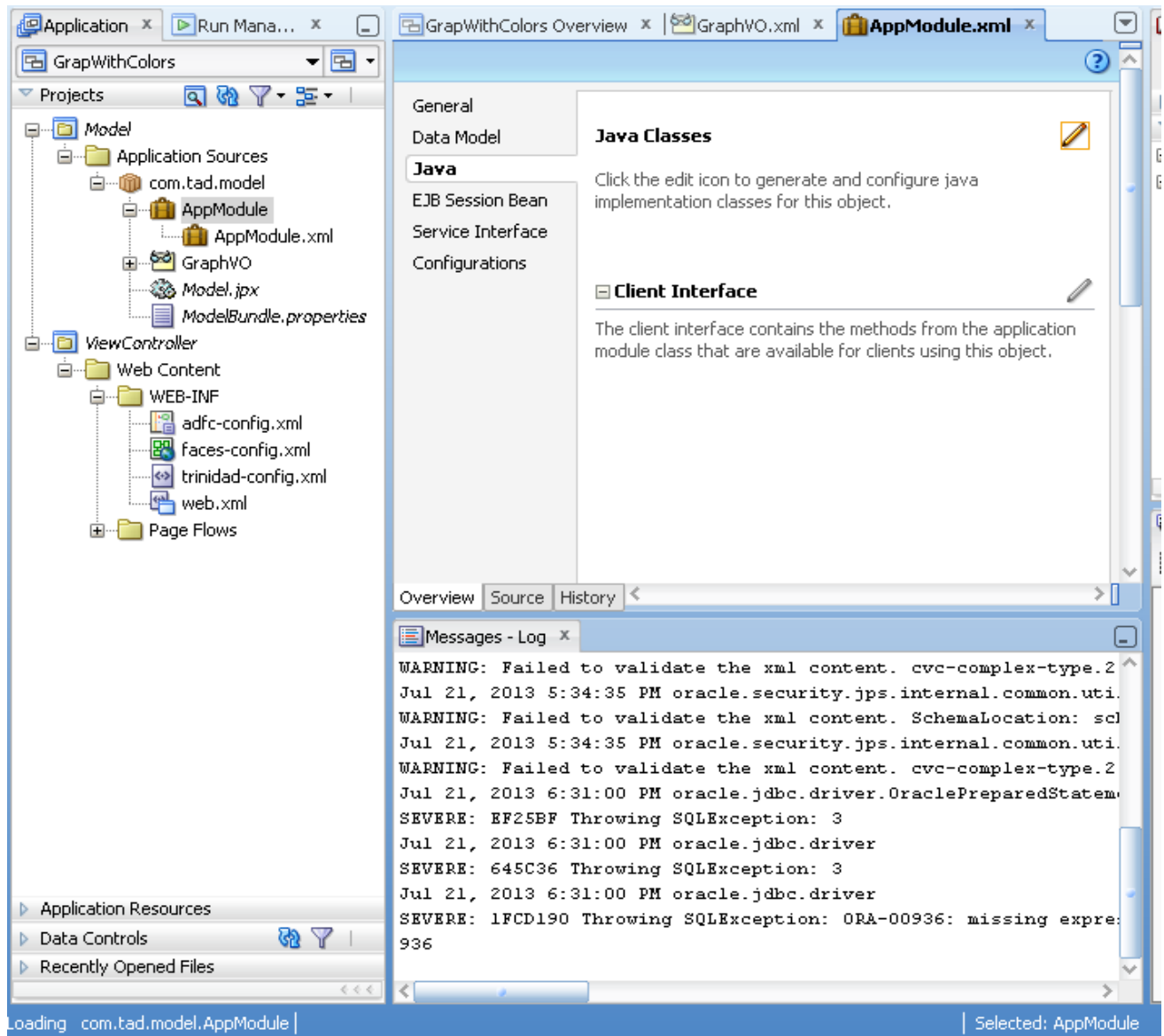
28. Click Test button to test the query is valid or not.



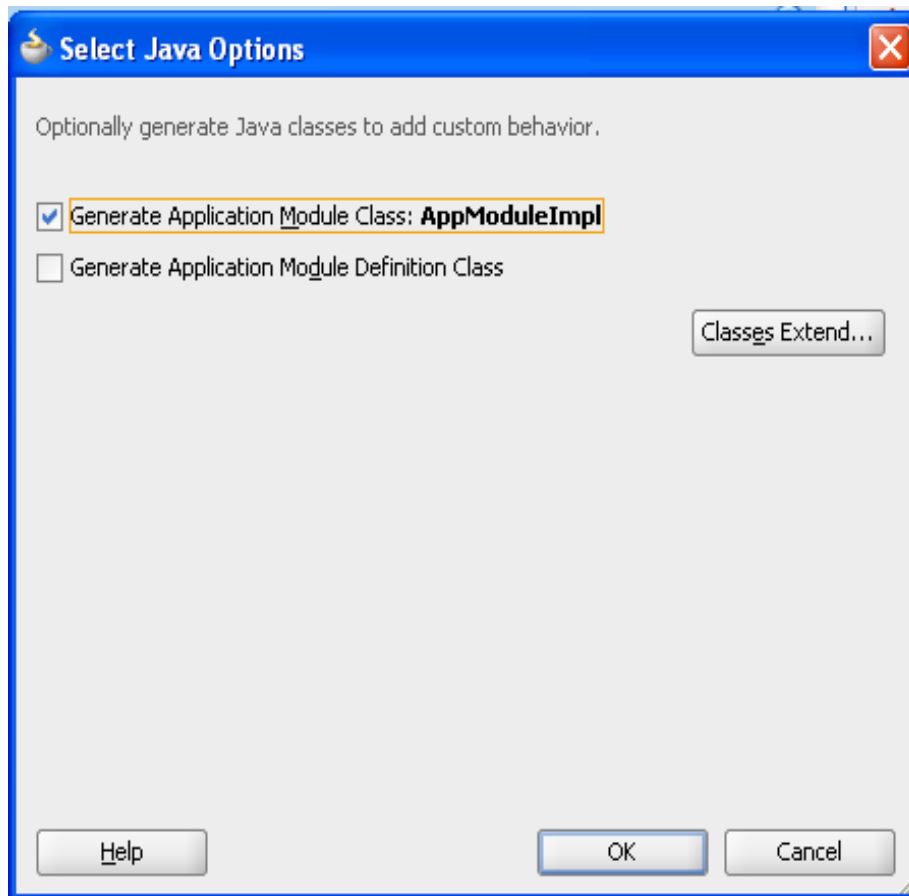
29. In Step 8 Enable "Application Module" check box then click "Next".



30. We will now edit the **AppModule**, Double click this item to open it for editing. Select “Java” Tab then click “Edit” (Pencil Symbol).



31.Enable the check Box Generate “**Application Module Class**” ,then click “OK”.



Now We are going to see how to write code to create different colors bars graph with popup box in ADF.

1.Get Data From Table

2.Mention Different colors and popup logic in bean.

3.Call your method in ADF barGraph tabular data attribute and listener.

1.Get Data From Table:

a) Get Data for graph

b)Get Data for popup box information

a) Get Data for graph

Following code explains we are creating List<String> from VO , each element of the list holds particular Department Name and Employees count of the particular department .

Because Name is the x-axis of the graph and Employees count is the bars length of the graph.

To add the following java method in your AppModuleImpl.java file

Code for to create graph programmatically:

```
public List<String> deptGraph()throws Exception{
    int i=0;
    List <String> list1=new ArrayList<String>();
    try{

        ViewObjectImpl impl=getGrapEmpCount1();
        impl.executeQuery();
        while(impl.hasNext()){
            Row row=impl.next();
            i++;
            String st=row.getAttribute("Deptname")+","+row.getAttribute("Count1")+"";

            list1.add(st);

        }
    }
    catch(Exception e){
        e.printStackTrace();
    }

    return list1;
}
```

To get Employees in particular department:

```
public List<String> getEmployees(String deptName){  
    List<String> list=new ArrayList<String>();  
    ViewObjectImpl vo=getGrapPopVO1();  
    ViewCriteria vc=vo.getViewCriteria("getEmployees");  
    vo.setNamedWhereClauseParam("pDeptName", deptName);  
    vo.applyViewCriteria(vc);  
    vo.executeQuery();  
    while(vo.hasNext()){  
        Row row=vo.next();  
        list.add(row.getAttribute("Name").toString());  
    }  
  
    return list;  
}
```

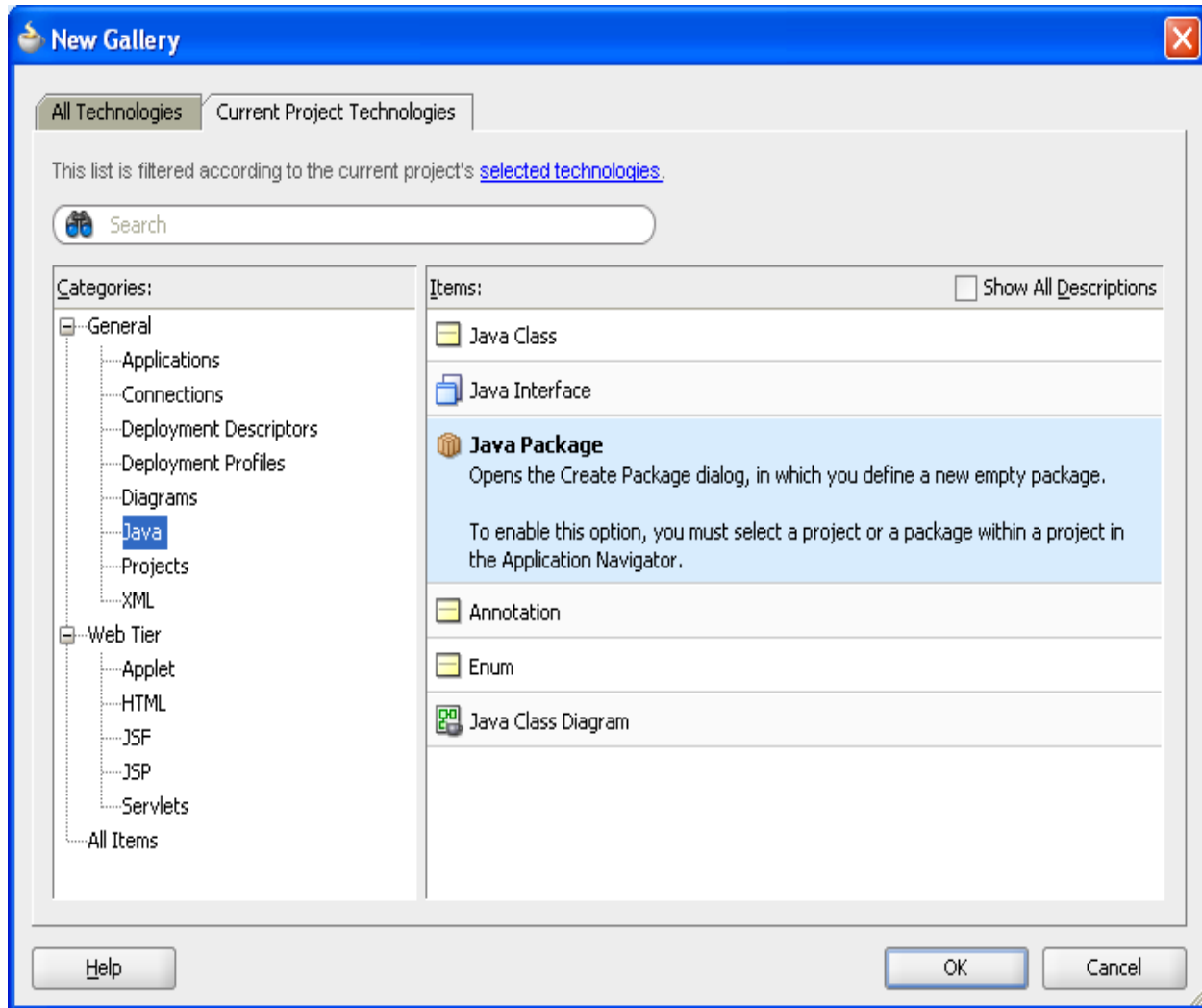
To get Manager name:

```
public String getManager(String deptName){  
    ViewObjectImpl vo=getGrapPopVO1();  
    ViewCriteria vc=vo.getViewCriteria("getManager");  
    vo.setNamedWhereClauseParam("pDeptName", deptName);  
    vo.applyViewCriteria(vc);  
    vo.executeQuery();  
    while(vo.hasNext()){  
        Row row=vo.next();  
        return row.getAttribute("Managename").toString();  
    }  
}
```

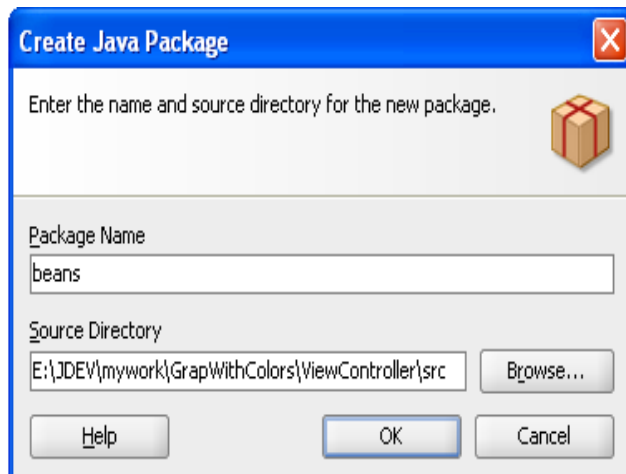
```
return null;  
}
```

32.Create Bean class in view controller

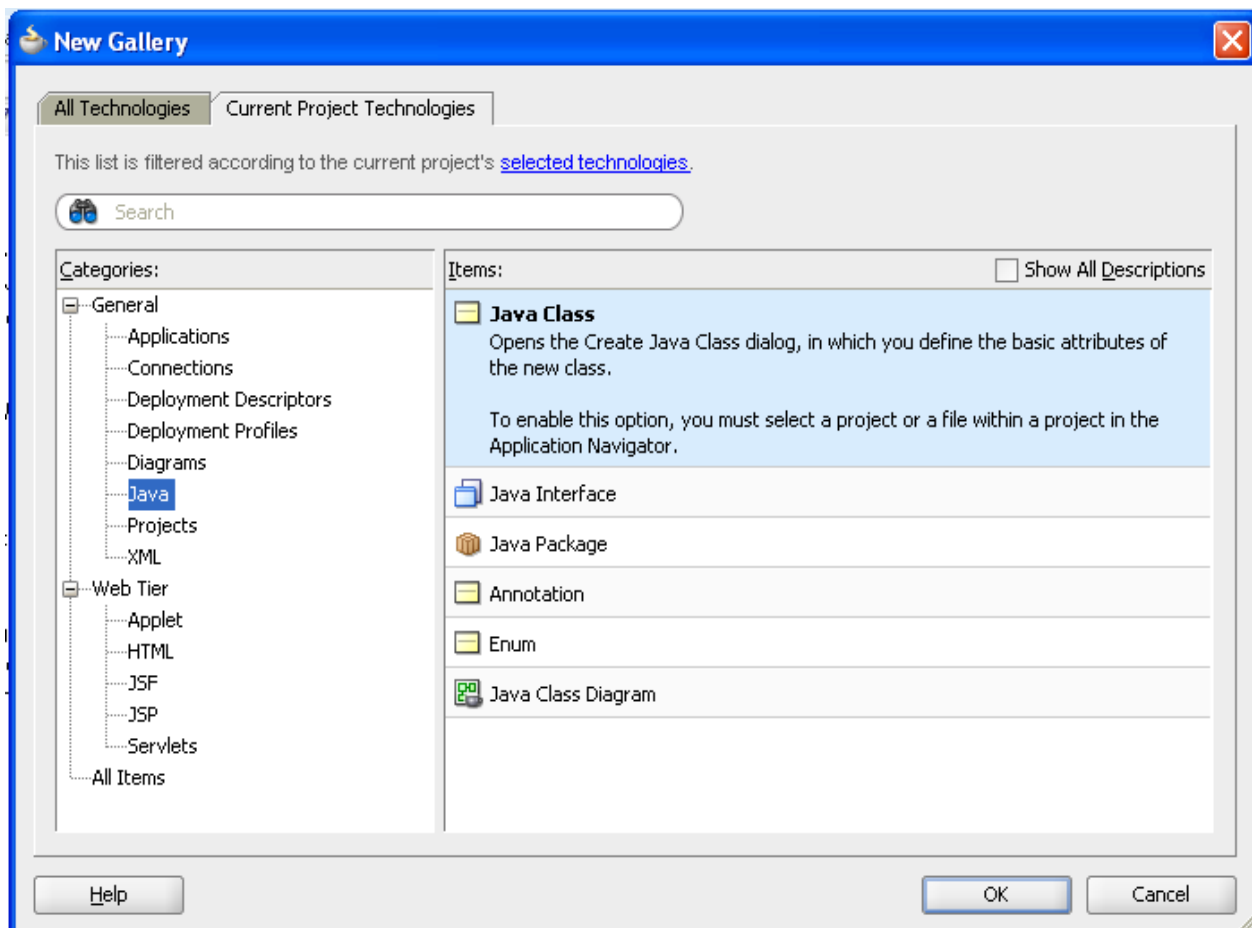
33. Right-click on the new **View Controller** project and select **new**. We're going to create a Bean Class to interact UI. Select **java** from the left side and **Java Package** on the right. Then click "**OK**".



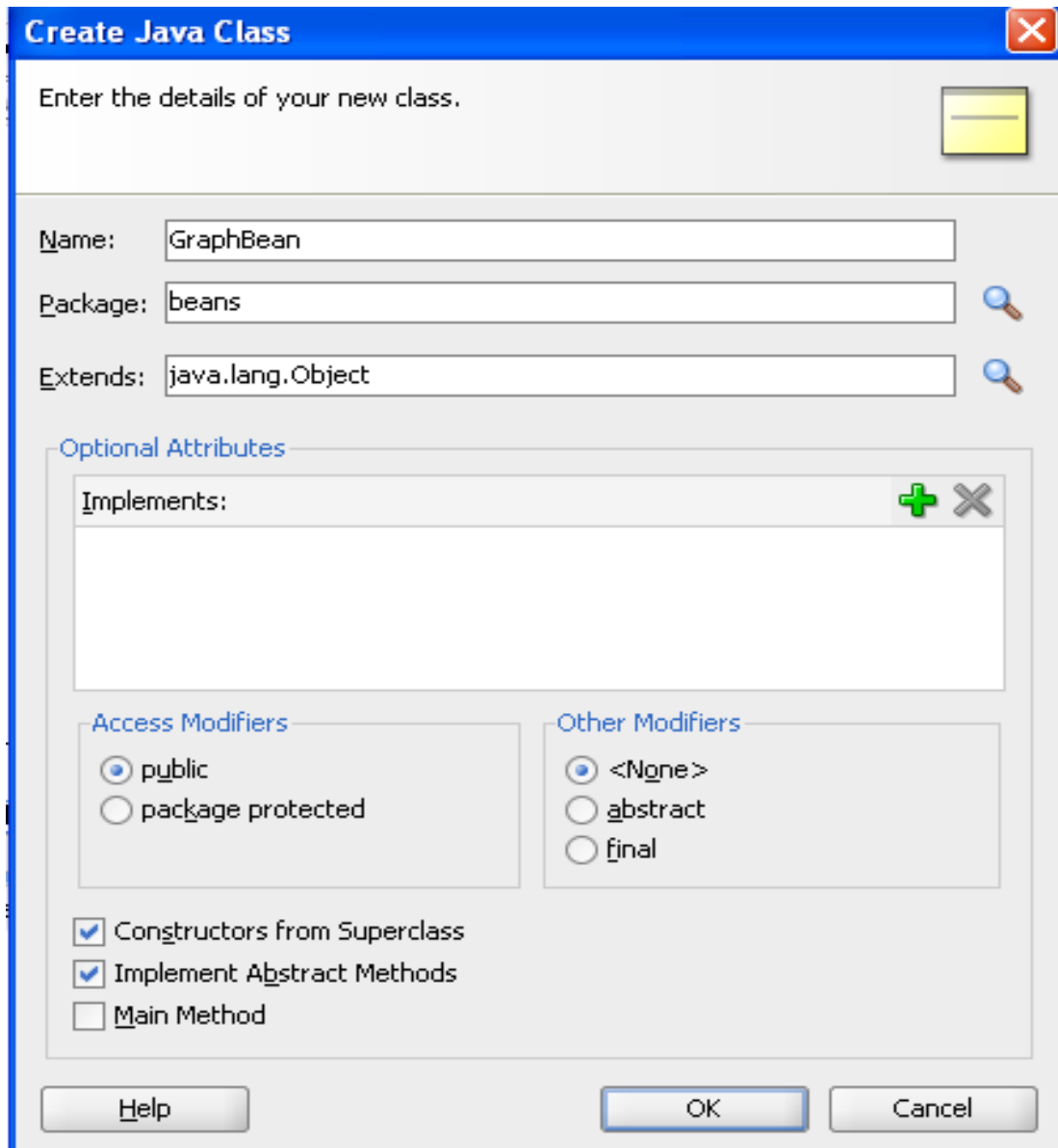
34. Mention The package name as beans then click "OK".



35. Right-click on the new beans package and select new.. Select java from the left side and Java Class on the right. Then click "OK".



36. Mention your class name as GraphBean then click "OK".



37.In GraphBean.java we need to write following logic to create graph.

2.Mention Different colors and popup logic in bean:

a)Different color bars Logic.

b)Popup box logic in Bean.

In GraphBean.java Code:

```
package beans;

import com.tad.model.AppModuleImpl;

import java.util.ArrayList;

import java.util.List;

import javax.faces.application.FacesMessage;

import javax.faces.context.FacesContext;

import oracle.adf.view.faces.bi.event.ClickEvent;

import oracle.dss.dataView.Attributes;

import oracle.dss.dataView.ComponentHandle;

import oracle.dss.dataView.DataComponentHandle;

import oracle.jbo.client.Configuration;

public class GraphBean {

    public GraphBean() {

        super();

    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        GraphBean graphBean = new GraphBean();

        graphBean.getListObject2();

    }

}
```

```
private List<Object[]> listObject2=new ArrayList<Object[]>();
```

```
public void setListObject2(List<Object[]> listObject2) {  
    this.listObject2 = listObject2;  
}
```

```
public List<Object[]> getListObject2() {  
    try{  
        int j=0;  
        AppModuleImpl impl =  
            (AppModuleImpl)Configuration.createRootApplicationModule("com.tad.model.AppModule",  
                "AppModuleLocal");  
        // listObject1 = impl.salaryGraph();  
        List<String> list= impl.deptGraph();  
  
        for(int i=0;i<list.size();i++){  
            //System.out.println(list.get(i));  
            j++;  
            String[] st=list.get(i).split(",");  
            Object[] obj1 = { st[0], "Series_"+j, Integer.parseInt(st[1]) };  
            listObject2.add(obj1);  
        }  
        System.out.println(impl.getEmployees("sales"));
```

```

        System.out.println(impl.getManager("sales"));

        System.out.println(list);

        Configuration.releaseRootApplicationModule(impl, true);
    }

    catch(Exception e){

        e.printStackTrace();

    }

    return listObject2;

}

public void onPieClick(ClickEvent clickEvent) {

    String deptName = null;

    ComponentHandle handle = clickEvent.getComponentHandle();

    if (handle instanceof DataComponentHandle) {

        DataComponentHandle dhandle = (DataComponentHandle)handle;

        Attributes[] groupInfo = dhandle.getGroupAttributes();

        if (groupInfo != null) {

            for (Attributes attrs : groupInfo) {

                deptName =

                    (String)attrs.getValue(Attributes.LABEL_VALUE);

            }

        }

        AppModuleImpl impl =

            (AppModuleImpl)Configuration.createRootApplicationModule("com.tad.model.AppModule",

                "AppModuleLocal");

        List<String> list=impl.getEmployees(deptName);

```

```

String managerName=impl.getManager(deptName);

Configuration.releaseRootApplicationModule(impl, true);

FacesContext ctx = FacesContext.getCurrentInstance();

FacesMessage msg =

    new FacesMessage("Employees in "+ deptName+" Department : " +list);

FacesMessage msg1 =

    new FacesMessage( "Manager Name:"+ managerName);

msg.setSeverity(FacesMessage.SEVERITY_INFO);

msg1.setSeverity(FacesMessage.SEVERITY_INFO);

ctx.addMessage(null, msg);

ctx.addMessage(null, msg1);

}

}

}

```

a)Different color bars Logic.

```

private List<Object[]> listObject2=new ArrayList<Object[]>();

    public void setListObject2(List<Object[]> listObject2) {

        this.listObject2 = listObject2;

    }

    public List<Object[]> getListObject2() {

        try{

            int j=0;

            AppModuleImpl impl =

                (AppModuleImpl)Configuration.createRootApplicationModule("com.tad.model.AppModule",

                    "AppModuleLocal");

```

```

// listObject1 = impl.salaryGraph();
List<String> list= impl.deptGraph();

for(int i=0;i<list.size();i++){
    //System.out.println(list.get(i));
    j++;
    String[] st=list.get(i).split(",");
    Object[] obj1 = { st[0], "Series_"+j, Integer.parseInt(st[1]) };
    listObject2.add(obj1);
}

System.out.println(impl.getEmployees("sales"));

System.out.println(impl.getManager("sales"));

System.out.println(list);

Configuration.releaseRootApplicationModule(impl, true);

}

catch(Exception e){
    e.printStackTrace();
}

return listObject2;
}

```

1. In this existing code we just call the list which we prepared in Application module.

2. ADF barGraph tabular data attribute expecting List<Object[]>.

Object[] should contain x-axis,color,bars.

"maintenance", "Series_1", 7 :-

i) it is x axis value

ii) it is series name (here only one series is present and that is Series_1)

iii) it is data point value or y axis value which always be integer or double.

3. So we generated setter and getter attribute `for private List<Object[]> listObject2=new ArrayList<Object[]>();`

4. Getter method of the listObject1 we need to mention colors of the bars.

5. Here series_1 represent one color and series_2 represent another color ... series_3....etc.

6. so when we iterate the list which we prepared in Application module

We create one object array in this array we mentioned different color.

For example:

```
for(int i=0;i<list.size();i++){  
    j++;  
    String[] st=list.get(i).split(",");  
    Object[] obj1 = { st[0], "Series_"+j, Integer.parseInt(st[1]) };  
    listObject2.add(obj1);  
}
```

7. Finally all the object arrays are added in list, each object array having particular Department name, bar color, Department employee count.

b) Popup box logic in Bean:

when click the any bar automatically this method will be called.

```
public void onPieClick(ClickEvent clickEvent) {  
    String deptName = null;  
    ComponentHandle handle = clickEvent.getComponentHandle();  
    if (handle instanceof DataComponentHandle) {  
        DataComponentHandle dhandle = (DataComponentHandle)handle;  
        Attributes[] groupInfo = dhandle.getGroupAttributes();  
        if (groupInfo != null) {  
            for (Attributes attrs : groupInfo) {  
                deptName =
```



```

        (String)attrs.getValue(Attributes.LABEL_VALUE);
    }
}

AppModuleImpl impl =
    (AppModuleImpl)Configuration.createRootApplicationModule("com.tad.model.AppModule",
        "AppModuleLocal");

List<String> list=impl.getEmployees(deptName);

String managerName=impl.getManager(deptName);

Configuration.releaseRootApplicationModule(impl, true);

FacesContext ctx = FacesContext.getCurrentInstance();

FacesMessage msg =
    new FacesMessage("Employees in "+ deptName+" Department : " +list);

FacesMessage msg1 =
    new FacesMessage( "Manager Name:"+ managerName);

msg.setSeverity(FacesMessage.SEVERITY_INFO);

msg1.setSeverity(FacesMessage.SEVERITY_INFO);

ctx.addMessage(null, msg);

ctx.addMessage(null, msg1);

}

}

```

1)From the existing code `(String)attrs.getValue(Attributes.LABEL_VALUE);` explains ,

Get label value of the particular bar that means department name.

2) `FacesMessage msg =`

```

    new FacesMessage("Employees in "+ deptName+" Department : " +list);

```

```
FacesMessage msg1 =
```

```
new FacesMessage( "Manager Name:" + managerName);
```

explains Employess names list and manager name are added faces message.

38.To add following code in adf-config.xml file:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="windows-1252" ?>
```

```
<adfc-configxmlns="http://xmlns.oracle.com/adf/controller" version="1.2">
```

```
<managed-bean id="__4">
```

```
<managed-bean-name id="__2">graph</managed-bean-name>
```

```
<managed-bean-class id="__1">beans.GraphBean</managed-bean-class>
```

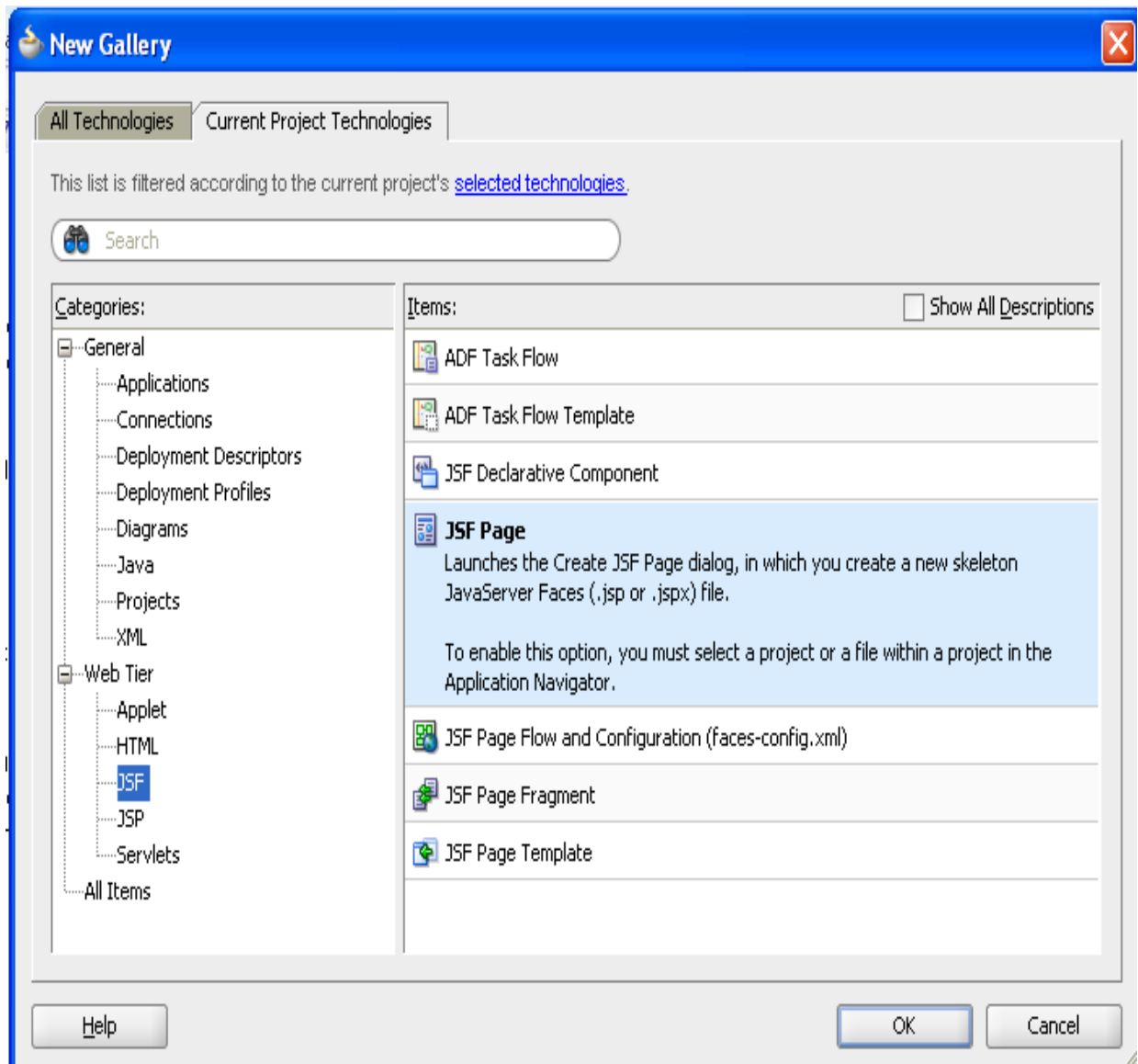
```
<managed-bean-scope id="__3">request</managed-bean-scope>
```

```
</managed-bean>
```

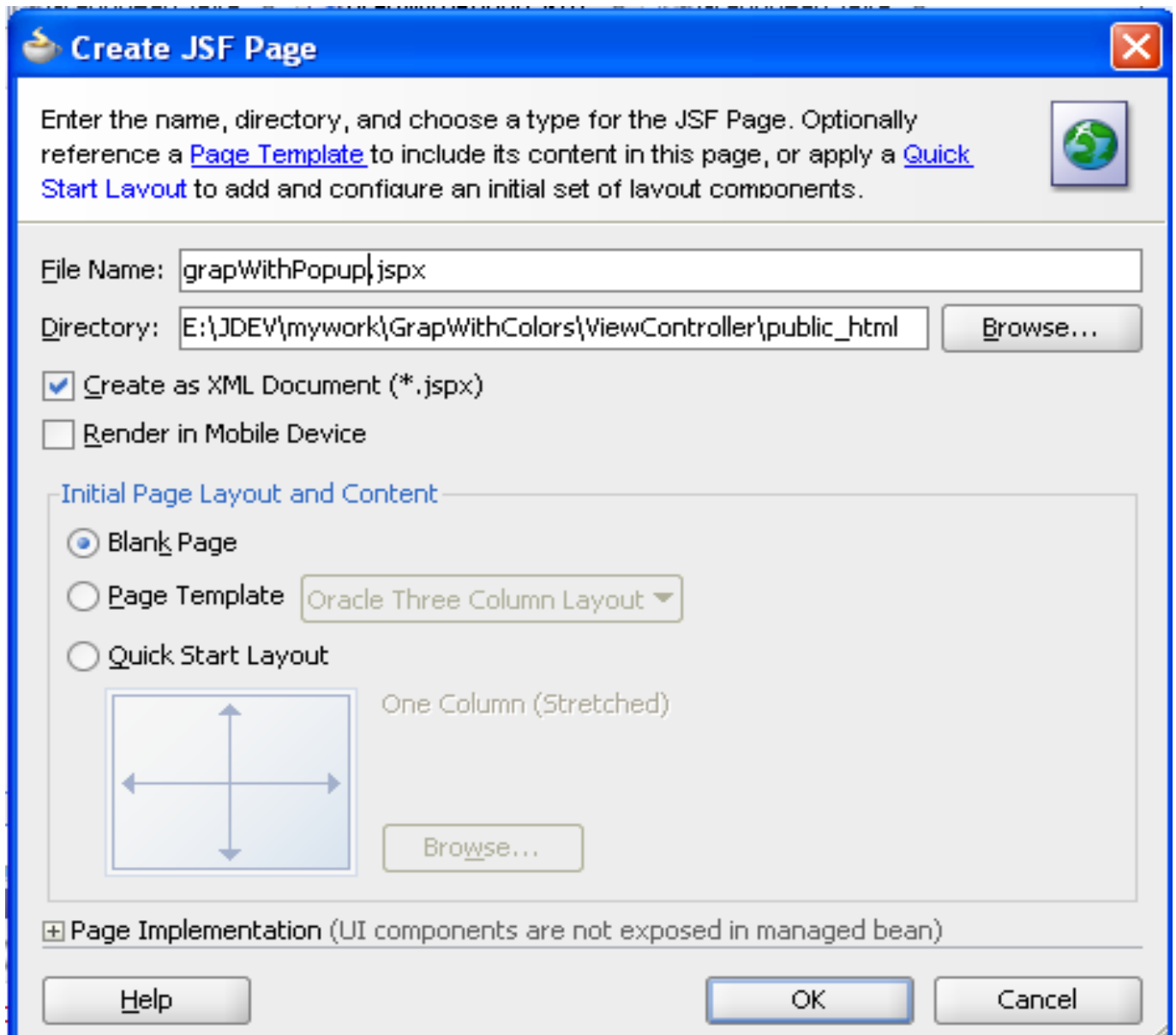
```
</adfc-config>
```

Existing code explains graph is the alias name for beans.GraphBean java Class and this class will be in request scope.

39. **Right-click** on the new **Web Content** Folder and select **new**. Select **jsff** from the left side and **JSF Page** on the right. Then click **“OK”**.



40. Mention The Page name as graphWithPopup.jsx then click "OK".



41. To add following code to create graph in graphWithPopup.jsx page

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<jsp:root xmlns:jsp="http://java.sun.com/JSP/Page" version="2.1"
  xmlns:f="http://java.sun.com/jsf/core"
  xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html"
  xmlns:af="http://xmlns.oracle.com/adf/faces/rich"
  xmlns:dvt="http://xmlns.oracle.com/dss/adf/faces">
<jsp:directive.page contentType="text/html;charset=UTF-8"/>
<f:view>
<af:document id="d1">
<af:messages id="m1"/>
<af:form id="f1">
<dvt:barGraph id="barGraph1" shortDesc="aa" threeDEffect="true"
  subType="BAR_VERT_CLUST"
  tabularData="#{graph.listObject2}" clickListener="#{graph.onPieClick}">
<dvt:background>
  <dvt:specialEffects/>
</dvt:background>
<dvt:graphPlotArea/>
<dvt:seriesSet>
  <dvt:series/>
</dvt:seriesSet>
<dvt:o1Axis/>
<dvt:y1Axis/>
<dvt:legendArea rendered="false"/>
<dvt:y1MajorTick tickStyle="GS_NONE"/>
```

```
<dvt:graphTitle text="Department Wise Employee Count Graph"/>
</dvt:barGraph>
</af:form>
</af:document>
</f:view>
</jsp:root>
```

- a) `tabularData="#{graphBean.listObject2}"` → Graph details
- b) `clickListener="#{graphBean.onPieClick}"` → when the user click any bar this method will be invoked.

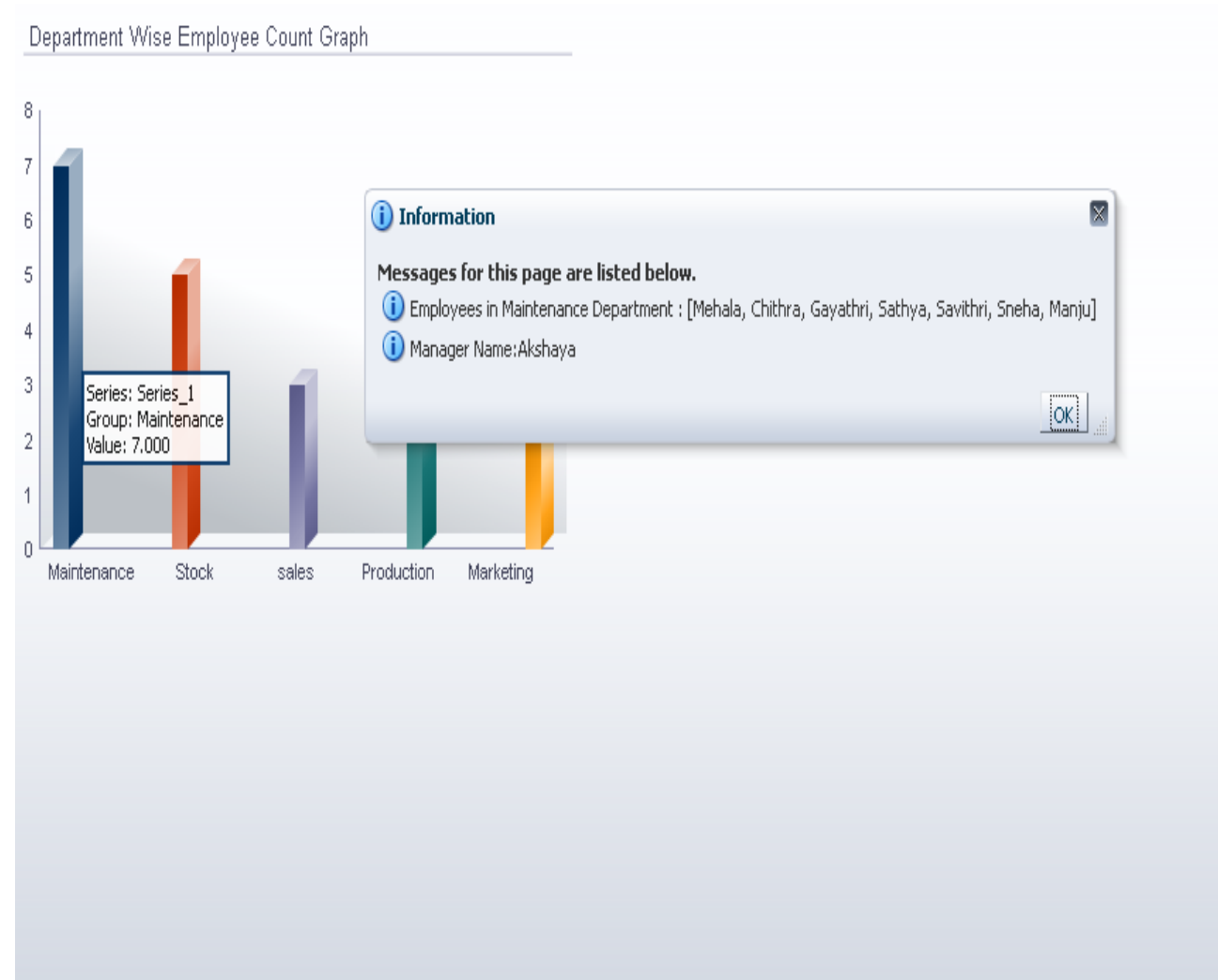
Output:



When user click the Marketing bar



When user click the Maintenance bar



**Thank you, Keep Breathing &
Keep Learning**